

When every second counts... You can make a difference!

CARDIAC 3-MINUTE DRILL

» Early recognition of sudden cardiac arrest

- Collapsed and unresponsive.
- Gasping, gurgling, snorting, moaning or labored breathing noises.
- Seizure-like activity.
- A blow to the chest baseballs, lacrosse balls, hockey pucks/balls to the chest can cause cardiac collapse.



- Call 9-1-1 and follow emergency dispatcher's instructions.
- Shout for help from other on-site emergency responders.
 - If you are alone, get an AED (if one is available) before you begin CPR.
 - If two people are on site, one begins CPR while the other retrieves the AED.



- Immediately begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and continue until Emergency Medical Services (EMS) arrive.
- Chest compressions push hard, push fast 100 per minute in the center of the chest.

» Early Defibrillation



- Use an automated external defibrillator (AED) as soon as it arrives to restore the heart to its normal rhythm.
- Target goal collapse-to-shock is less than 3 minutes.

 Three in every 1,000 athletes may have an underlying heart disorder. 20

- One in 40,000 college athletes dies each year from a cardiac emergency.
- Average EMS response time is 8-10 minutes.
- Chance of survival decreases 10 percent every minute after collapse.

» Early Advanced Care



• EMS responders begin advanced life support, including additional resuscitative measures, and transfer to a hospital.





