Transfer Composition of Division I Teams July 2022

## RESEARCH

## **Methodology Notes**

- The following slides describe whether student-athletes in Academic Progress Rate (APR) cohorts transferred into their current Division I school at any point through the end of the 2020-21 academic year (designated as "2021" in each figure). Graduate transfers are included with undergraduate transfers in this report.
- The NCAA transfer portal became operational in October 2018, so portal impacts generally not seen until 2019-20 cohort ("2020" in each figure).
- 2020-21 ("2021" in each figure) is the first transfer cohort following the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The expansion of the one-time transfer exception in Division I was approved by the NCAA in April 2021. The first APR cohort in which we could see an impact in transfer percentages would be the 2021-22 cohort.
- Numbers in this report should be distinguished from lifetime transfer rates for a student-athlete, which would be higher. This is because an APR cohort snapshot includes students at various stages of their academic career including some who may transfer at a later time.
- Other data on transfer is available at <u>ncaa.org/research</u>.

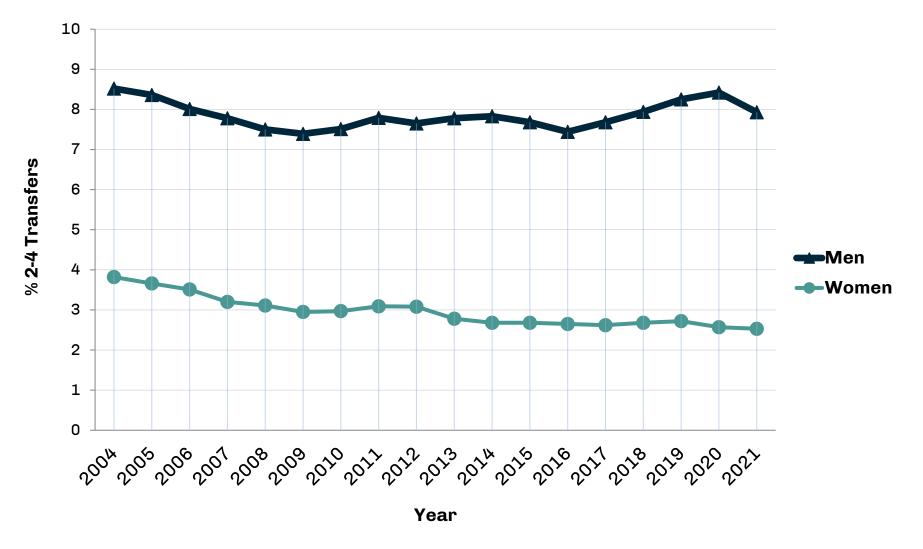


### 2020-21 Transfer Composition of Division I Student-Athlete Population

	Overall	Men	Women
Non-Transfers	85.5%	82.3%	89.0%
2-year Transfers	5.4%	7.9%	2.5%
4-year Transfers	9.1%	9.8%	8.5%

<u>Note</u>: Percentages represent transfer status (whether student-athlete entered current Division I school from high school, a 2-year college or another 4-year college) within the 2020-21 APR cohort. Lifetime transfer rates will be higher (for example, some of the student-athletes in the APR cohort are first-year college students who may eventually transfer).

### Trends in the Proportion of <u>Two-Year College</u> <u>Transfers</u> in APR Cohorts



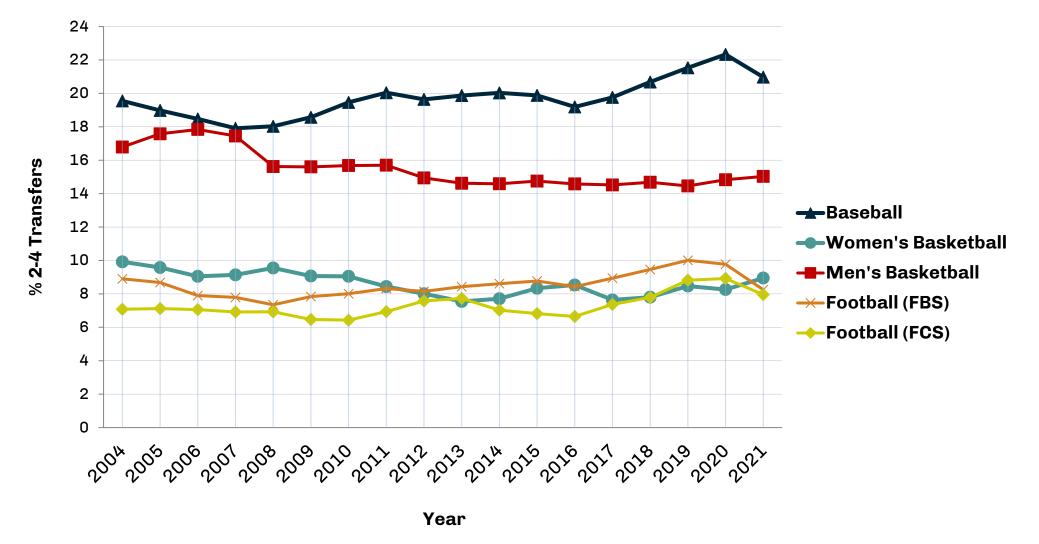
Note: Percentages based on the 2021 APR data (released in June 2022).

### 2020-21 Percentage of <u>Two-Year College</u> <u>Transfers</u> among Division I Student-Athletes

Men's Sport	2-year
Baseball	21.0%
Basketball	15.0%
Football (FBS)	8.3%
Football (FCS)	8.0%
Soccer	4.4%
Track and Field	3.9%
Ice Hockey	3.7%
Golf	3.6%
Water Polo	3.4%
Tennis	2.9%
Volleyball	2.8%
Cross Country	1.9%
Wrestling	1.5%
Lacrosse	0.8%
Swimming	0.7%
Rifle (co-ed)	0.5%
Fencing	0.0%
Gymnastics	0.0%
Skiing	0.0%

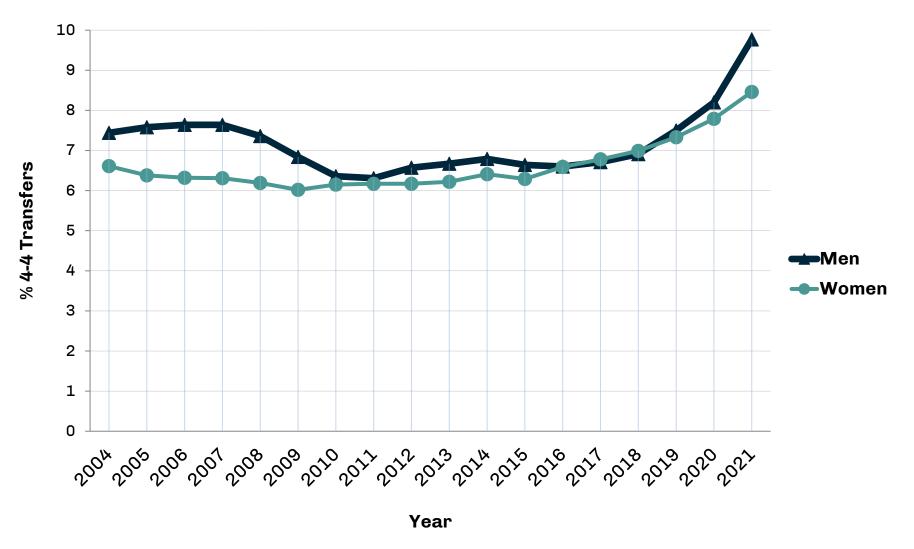
Women's Sport	2-year
Basketball	9.0%
Volleyball	4.7%
Softball	4.4%
Beach Volleyball	3.1%
Track and Field	2.1%
Water Polo	1.8%
Soccer	1.8%
Golf	1.6%
Tennis	<b>1.6</b> %
Cross Country	1.4%
Fencing	<b>1.2</b> %
Bowling	1.1%
Swimming	0.3%
Rowing	0.3%
Ice Hockey	0.1%
Gymnastics	0.1%
Lacrosse	0.1%
Field Hockey	0.1%
Skiing	0.0%

### Trends in the Proportion of <u>Two-Year College</u> <u>Transfers</u> in APR Cohorts



Note: Percentages based on the 2021 APR data (released in June 2022).

### Trends in the Proportion of <u>Four-Year College</u> <u>Transfers</u> in APR Cohorts



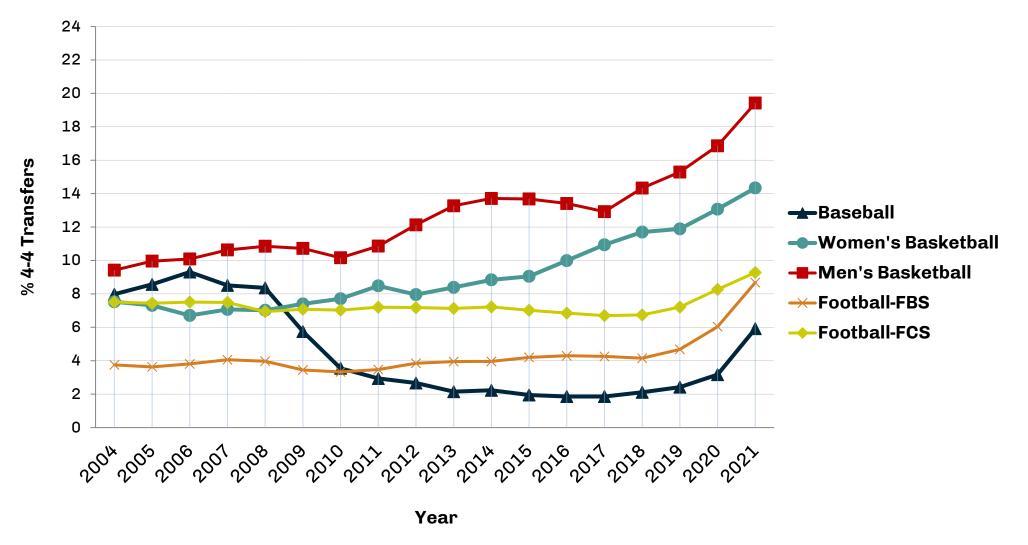
Note: Percentages based on the 2021 APR data (released in June 2022).

### 2020-21 Percentage of <u>Four-Year College</u> <u>Transfers</u> among Division I Student-Athletes

Men's Sport	4-year
Basketball	19.4%
Soccer	18.5%
Tennis	16.3%
Golf	10.0%
Track and Field	9.9%
Football (FCS)	9.3%
Ice Hockey	9.2%
Football (FBS)	8.7%
Cross Country	7.7%
Wrestling	7.3%
Baseball	5.9%
Swimming	5.4%
Skiing	5.3%
Lacrosse	5.0%
Volleyball	4.6%
Water Polo	4.2%
Gymnastics	3.6%
Fencing	2.8%
Rifle (co-ed)	1.4%

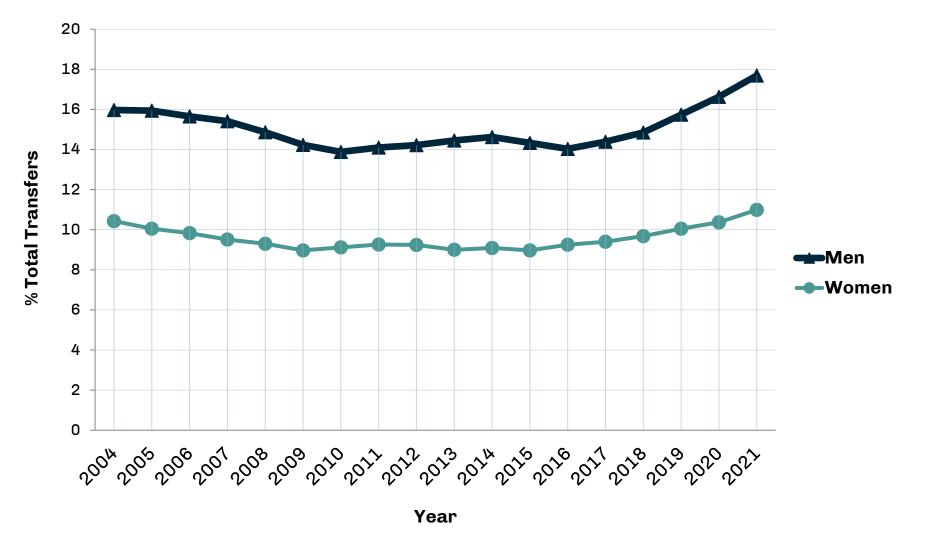
Women's Sport	4-year
Beach Volleyball	16.6%
Tennis	16.1%
Basketball	14.3%
Volleyball	10.3%
Track and Field	9.1%
Softball	8.9%
Golf	8.9%
Soccer	8.5%
Cross Country	7.3%
Bowling	7.2%
Skiing	6.7%
Swimming	5.0%
Field Hockey	4.2%
Rowing	3.6%
Ice Hockey	3.4%
Lacrosse	3.4%
Fencing	3.1%
Water Polo	3.0%
Gymnastics	2.6%

### Trends in the Proportion of <u>Four-Year College</u> <u>Transfers</u> in APR Cohorts



Note: Percentages based on the 2021 APR data (released in June 2022).

# Trends in the Proportion of <u>Total Transfers</u> in APR Cohorts



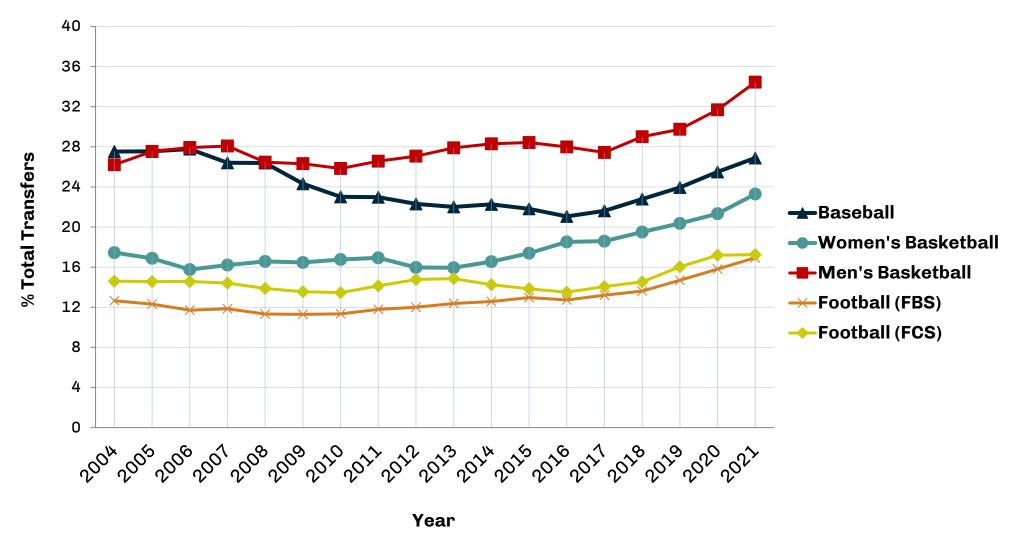
Note: Percentages based on the 2021 APR data (released in June 2022). Sum of 2-year and 4year transfer numbers.

### 2020-21 Percentage of <u>Total Transfers (Two-Year and</u> <u>Four-Year)</u> among Division I Student-Athletes

Men's Sport	Total
Basketball	34.5%
Baseball	26.9%
Soccer	22.9%
Tennis	19.2%
Football (FCS)	17.2%
Football (FBS)	16.9%
Track and Field	13.8%
Golf	13.6%
Ice Hockey	13.0%
Cross Country	9.6%
Wrestling	8.8%
Water Polo	7.6%
Volleyball	7.3%
Swimming	6.1%
Lacrosse	5.8%
Skiing	5.3%
Gymnastics	3.6%
Fencing	2.8%
Rifle (co-ed)	1.9%

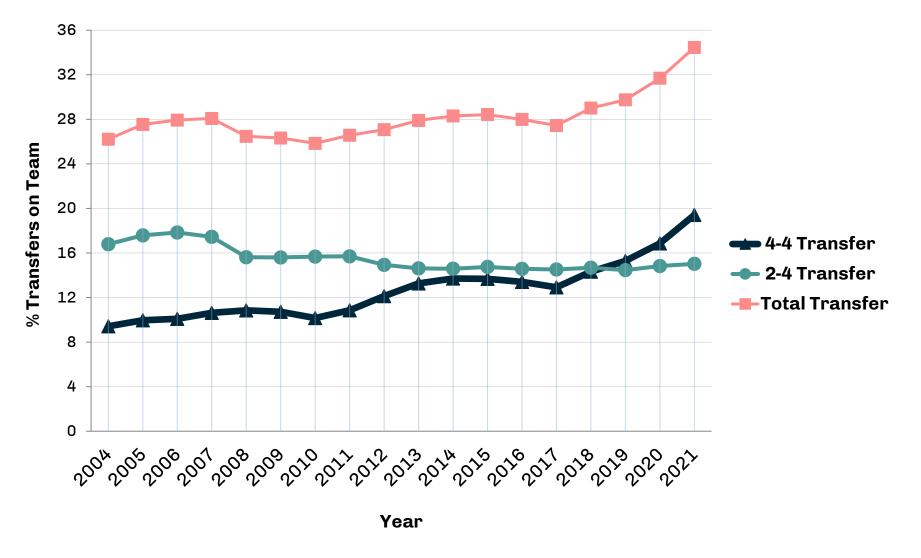
Women's Sport	Total
Basketball	23.3%
Beach Volleyball	19.7%
Tennis	17.7%
Volleyball	15.0%
Softball	13.3%
Track and Field	11.2%
Golf	10.5%
Soccer	10.3%
Cross Country	8.8%
Bowling	8.3%
Skiing	6.7%
Swimming	5.3%
Water Polo	4.8%
Field Hockey	4.3%
Fencing	4.2%
Rowing	3.8%
Ice Hockey	3.6%
Lacrosse	3.5%
Gymnastics	2.7%

# Trends in the Proportion of <u>Total Transfers</u> in APR Cohorts



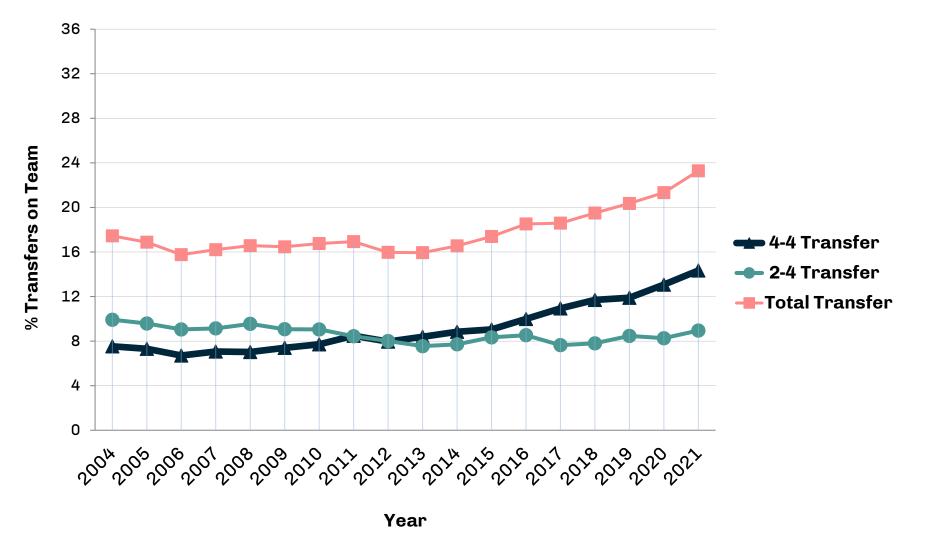
Note: Percentages based on the 2021 APR data (released in June 2022).

### Trends in the Proportion of <u>Men's Basketball</u> <u>Transfers</u> in Division I APR Cohorts



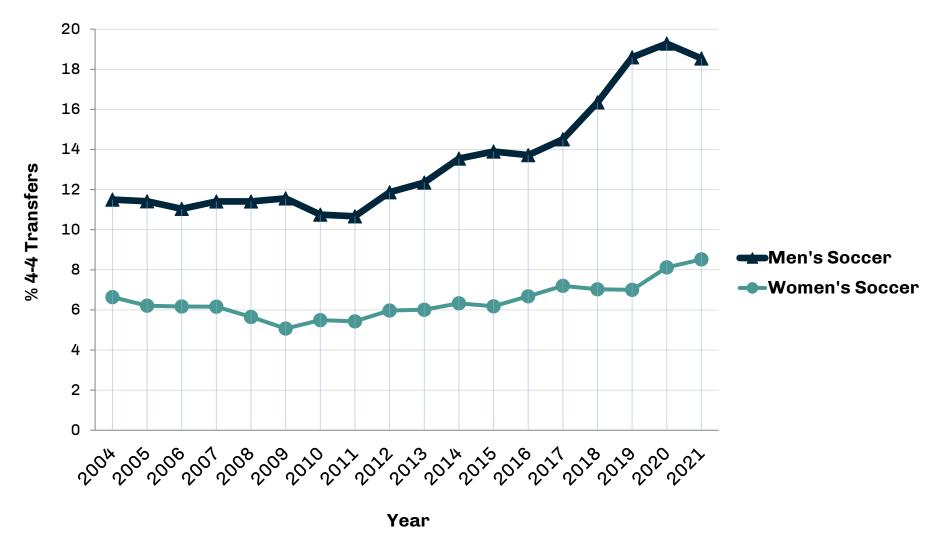
Note: Percentages based on the 2021 APR data (released in June 2022).

### Trends in the Proportion of <u>Women's Basketball</u> <u>Transfers</u> in Division I APR Cohorts



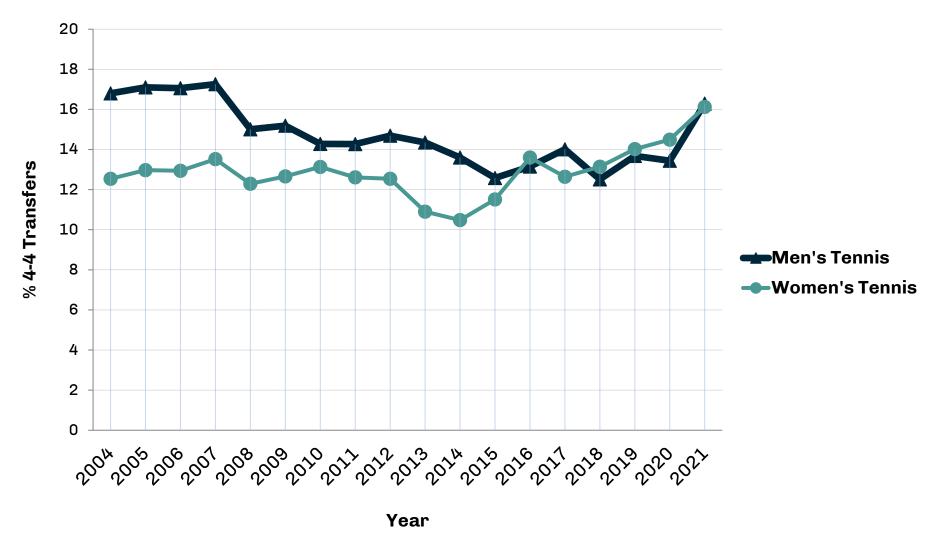
Note: Percentages based on the 2021 APR data (released in June 2022).

### Trends in the Proportion of <u>Four-Year College</u> <u>Transfers</u> in Soccer Cohorts



Note: Percentages based on the 2021 APR data (released in June 2022).

### Trends in the Proportion of <u>Four-Year College</u> <u>Transfers</u> in Tennis Cohorts



Note: Percentages based on the 2021 APR data (released in June 2022).

### NCAA.org/research

**@NCAAResearch** 

1185



NCAA is a trademark of the National Collegiate Athletic Association. All other licenses or trademarks are property of their respective holders.

HF 1002