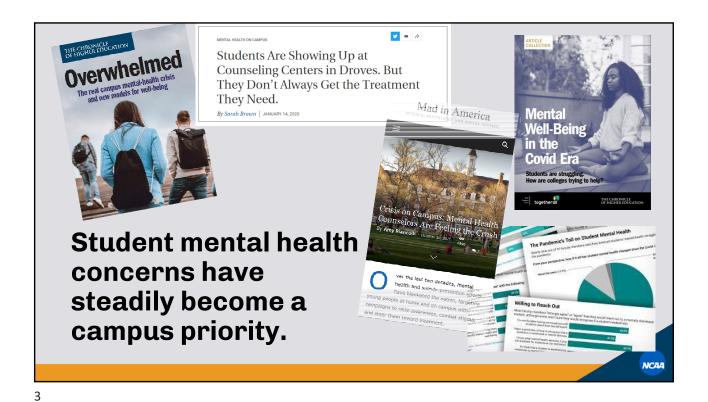


NCAA RESEARCH AND RESOURCES TO SUPPORT DIVISION III STUDENT-ATHLETE MENTAL WELL BEING



**Division III** 



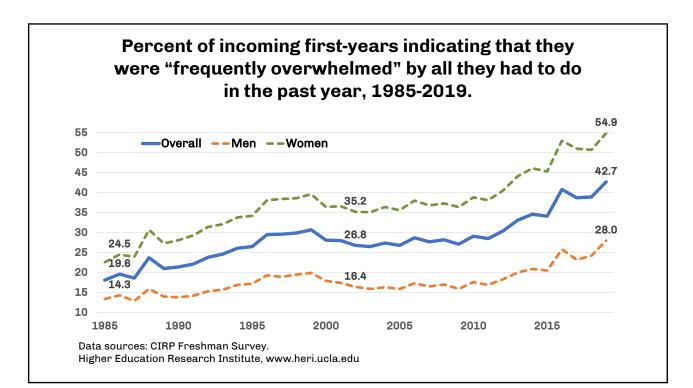


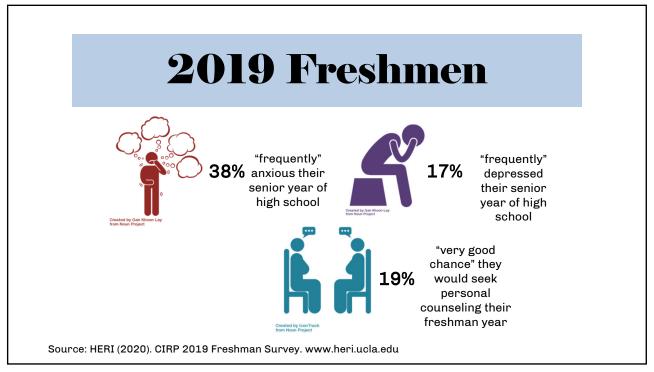
Many students enter college already feeling overwhelmed

43%

were frequently overwhelmed by all that they had to do as high-school seniors, women more so than men.

Data source: CIRP Freshman Survey 2019 (Higher Education Research Institute) www.heri.ucla.edu

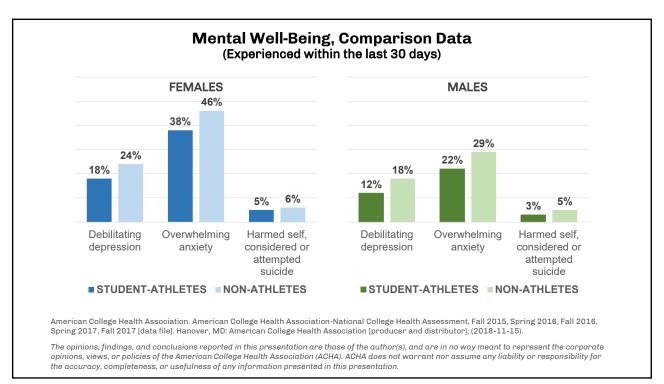




Athletics departments have become increasingly aware of student-athlete mental health concerns.

NCAZ

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#### **Student-Athlete Mental Well-Being**

- ► Student-Athlete Context
  - ▶ Identity
  - ▶ Time demands
  - ▶ Sleep
  - ▶ Coaches
  - ▶ Social environment / Support networks



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# Intersecting identities impact student-athlete mental well-being.

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#### Have you felt so depressed that it was difficult to function? (Yes, in the last 30 days)

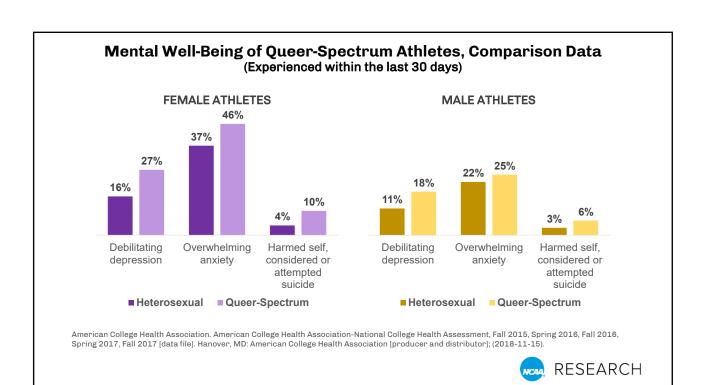
	STUDENT-ATHLETES	NON-ATHLETES*	ATHLETE NON-ATHLETE GAP
Male	12%	18%	+6%
Female	18%	24%	+6%
White Males	10%	17%	+7%
Males of Color	16%	19%	+3%
White Females	16%	23%	+7%
Females of Color	23%	26%	+3%

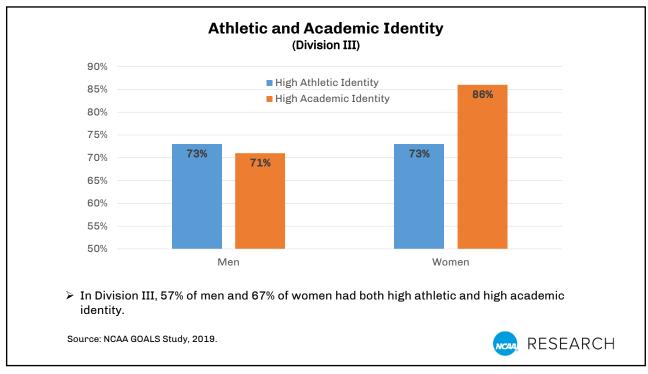
<sup>\*</sup>Non-athletes are full-time undergraduate students between the ages of 18-24 attending NCAA-member institutions who do not identify as varsity athletes.

American College Health Association. American College Health Association-National College Health Assessment, Fall 2015, Spring 2016, Fall 2016, Spring 2017, Fall 2017 [data file]. Hanover, MD: American College Health Association [producer and distributor]; (2018-11-15).



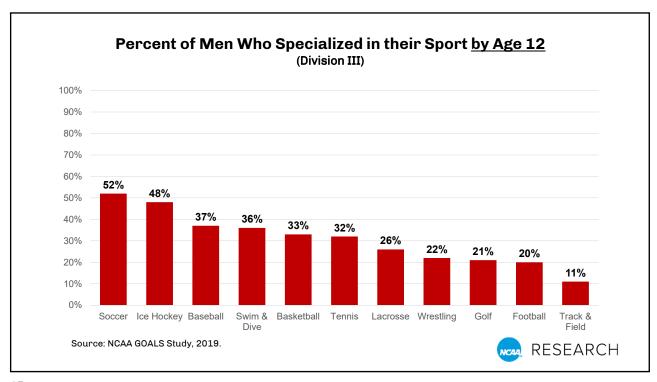
11

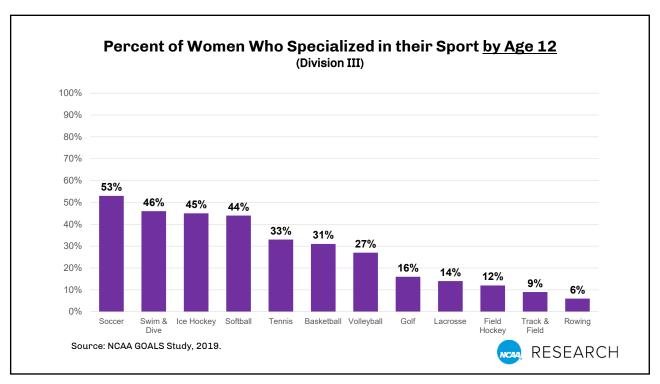


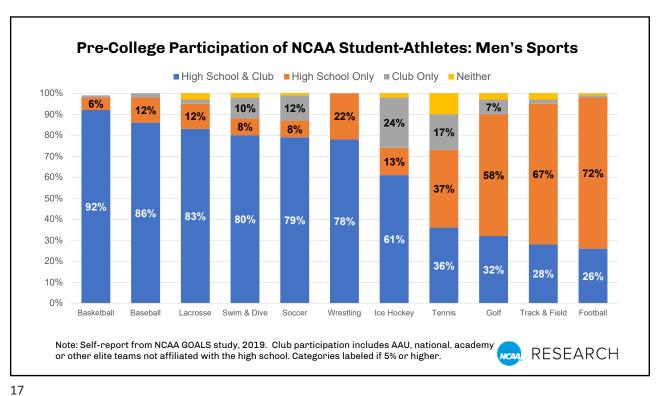


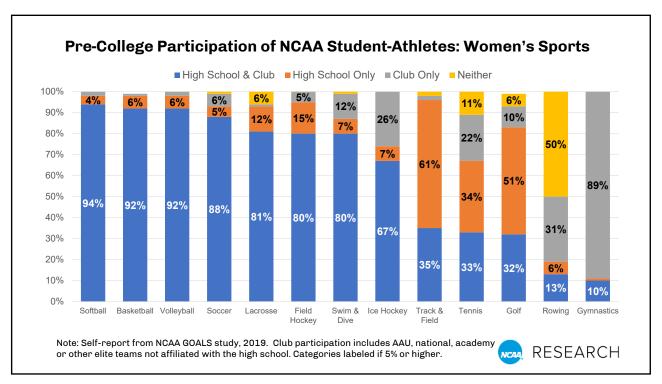
Athletic identity is forged at an early age.

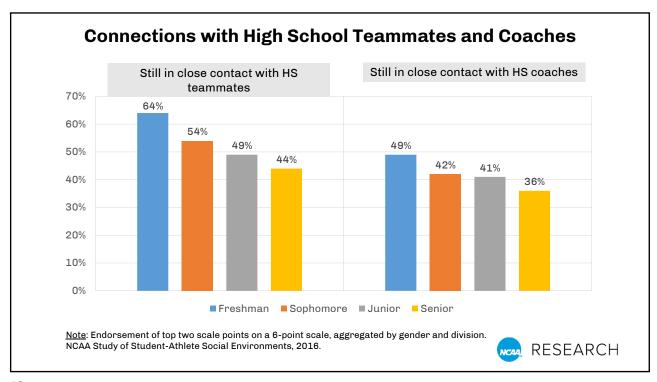
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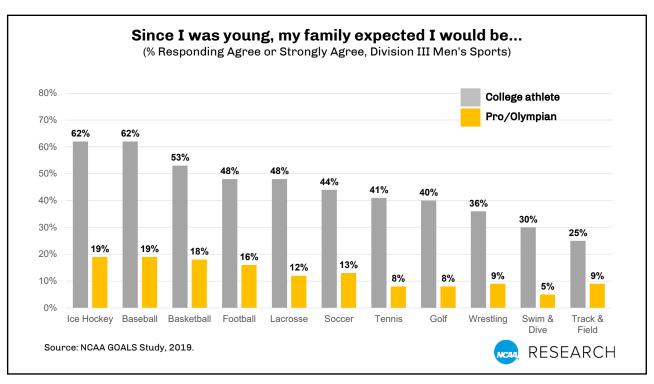


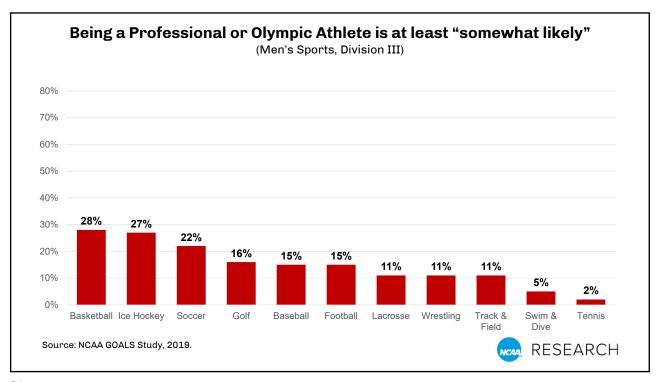


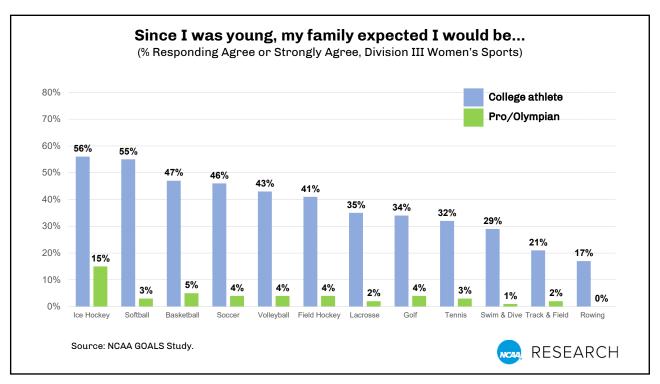


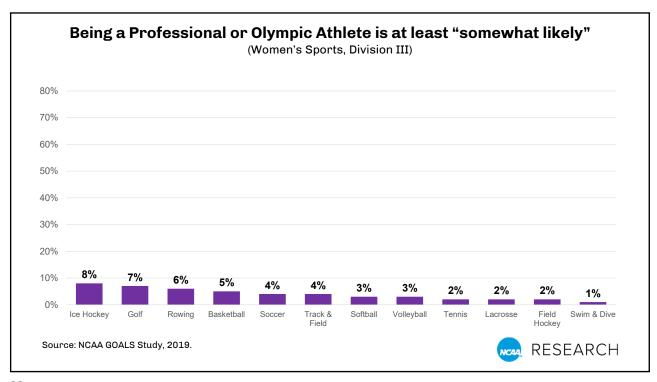












Time commitments and identity are inextricably linked.

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#### **Student-Athlete Time Commitments**

(GOALS Survey Data, 2019)

	Athletic hrs./wk.	Academic hrs./wk.
Division I	33.0	35.5
Division II	31.0	37.0
Division III	28.0	40.0



percentage points or more from 2015

15.5 hrs. weekly

6.25 hrs. nightly



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## Percentage of Student-Athletes Reporting <u>as Much or More</u> <u>Time on Athletic Activities in Off-Season</u> than In-Season

(2019 Self-Report - GOALS Study)

Division I									
	Baseball	Men's Basketball	Football (FBS/FCS)				All Other Men's Sports	Women's Basketball	All Other Women's Sports
% same or more	78%	71%	76%	70%	67%	50%	61%		
Division II									
% same or more	74%	69%	74	4%	65%	45%	54%		
			Divisi	on III					
% same or more         65%         59%         57%         51%         37%         35%									
Yellow indicates an increase of 5  Green indicates a decrease of 5 percentage									

points or more from 2015

### Division III student-athletes report they want <u>more</u> time for...

Activity	Men	Women
Academics	58%	64%
Athletics	49%	29%

Source: GOALS Survey Data, 2019.



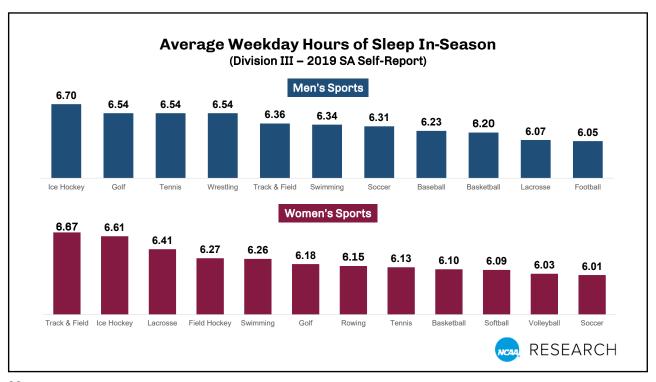
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### But they also want <u>more</u> time for...

Activity	Division III Men	Division III Women
Sleeping	72%	82%
Relaxing Alone	62%	75%
Socializing with Friends	62%	70%
Visiting Home/Family	61%	66%
Academics	58%	64%
Extracurricular Activities	49%	60%
Athletics	48%	32%
Working at a Job	46%	55%

Source: GOALS Survey Data, 2019.





#### National Comparison Data on Feeling Rested Upon Waking

On how many of the past 7 days did you get enough sleep that you felt rested when you woke up in the morning?

	MA	LES	FEMALES		
	STUDENT-ATHLETES	NON-ATHLETES*	STUDENT-ATHLETES	NON-ATHLETES*	
0-3	52%	56%	60%	64%	
4-5	34%	31%	31%	27%	
6-7	14%	13%	9%	9%	

\*Non-athletes are full-time undergraduate students between the ages of 18-24 attending NCAA-member institutions who do not identify as varsity athletes.

American College Health Association. American College Health Association-National College Health Assessment, Fall 2015, Spring 2016, Fall 2016, Spring 2017, Fall 2017 [data file]. Hanover, MD: American College Health Association [producer and distributor]; (2018-11-15).

The opinions, findings, and conclusions reported in this presentation are those of the author(s), and are in no way meant to represent the corporate opinions, views, or policies of the American College Health Association (ACHA). ACHA does not warrant nor assume any liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information presented in this presentation.

#### **National Comparison Data on Sleep Behaviors**

• 24% of NCAA student-athletes and 31% of their non-athlete\* peers reported that in the last year sleep difficulties had been difficult to handle.

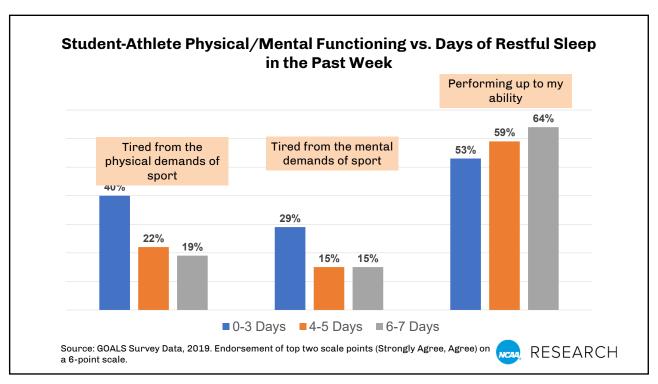
3+ days within the last week:	STUDENT- ATHLETES	NON-ATHLETES*
Awakened too early and couldn't go back to sleep	16%	17%
Felt tired, dragged out, or sleepy during the day	61%	64%
Had an extremely hard time falling asleep	24%	28%

\*Non-athletes are full-time undergraduate students between the ages of 18-24 attending NCAA-member institutions who do not identify as varsity athletes.

American College Health Association. American College Health Association-National College Health Assessment, Fall 2015, Spring 2016, Fall 2016, Spring 2017, Fall 2017 [data file]. Hanover, MD: American College Health Association [producer and distributor]; (2018-11-15).



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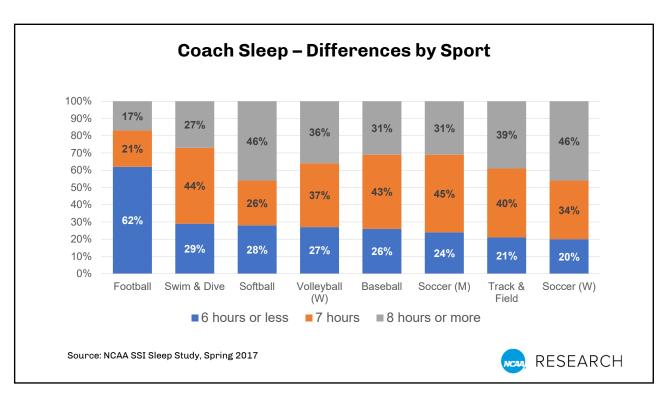
## How much sleep are coaches and administrators getting each night?

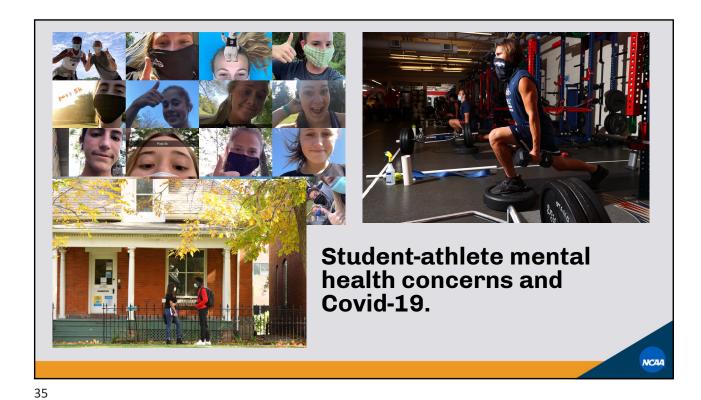
	Head Athle	tic Trainer	Head Coach		Student-Athl Admini	
	Females	Males	Females Males		Females	Males
Division I	7.0	6.9	7.3	6.8	6.8	6.9
Division II	7.0	6.9	7.4	7.0	6.6	6.8
Division III	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.0	6.8	6.7

Note: Mean response for each item. Actual question: How many hours of sleep do you typically get per night? Source: NCAA SSI Sleep Study, Spring 2017



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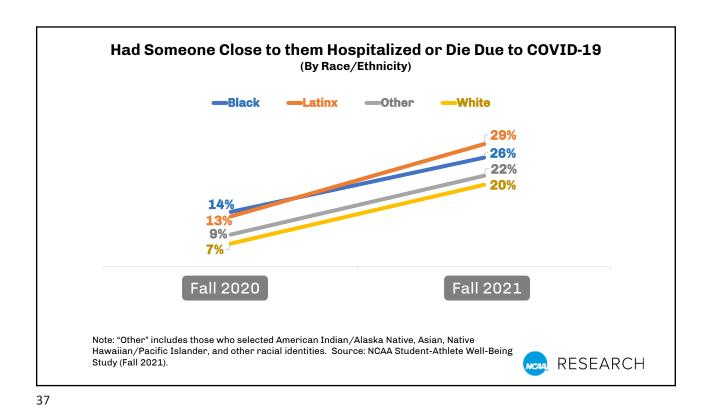


## COVID-19 Impact on Competition and Extended Eligibility (Sophomores and Above)

	Division I	Division II	Division III
Team <b>did not</b> compete during the 2020- 2021 academic year	13%	20%	27%
Granted additional year of eligibility due to the impact of COVID-19 (e.g., opt out or blanket waiver)	84%	83%	86%

Note: First-year survey participants excluded. Additional years of eligibility could be granted due to the impact of COVID-19 on the 2019-20 or 2020-21 seasons. Source: NCAA Student-Athlete Well-Being Study (Fall 2021).

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#### Mental Health Concerns During COVID-19 Pandemic

(Comparing Division III men's sports participants responding "yes, within the last month" between 2015-2017 ACHA-NCHA data and 2020-2021 NCAA data)

	NCHA 2017	Spring 2020	Fall 2020	Fall 2021
Felt overwhelmed by all you had to do	56%	81%	79%	80%
Felt mentally exhausted	50%	73%	66%	72%
Felt sad	27%	68%	59%	57%
Felt very lonely	26%	64%	49%	41%
Felt things were hopeless	17%	53%	46%	36%
Felt overwhelming anxiety	22%	49%	45%	47%
Felt overwhelming anger	15%	45%	32%	30%
Felt so depressed that it was difficult to function	11%	28%	23%	22%

Green indicates a decrease of 5 percentage points or more from Fall 2020 Yellow indicates an increase of 5 percentage points or more from Fall 2020

Note: The spring NCAA survey asked, "As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, have you..." The 2020 spring survey was in the field approximately a month after the pandemic led to the cancelation of winter and spring championships (Mar. 12, 2020) and most campus closures. The fall 2020/2021 NCAA and ACHA-NCHA surveys asked, "Within the last month, have you..." The fall 2021 survey was in the field Nov. 17-Dec. 13, 2021. Spring 2020 survey N=4,540 men's sports participants; Fall 2020 survey N=2,555 men's sports participants; ACHA-NCHA survey N=1,899 Division III men athletes.

Sources: NCAA Student-Athlete Well-Being Studies (2020 and 2021). American College Health Association. American College Health Association-National College Health Assessment, Fall 2015, Spring 2016, Fall 2016, Spring 2017, Fall 2017 [data file]. Hanover, MD: American College Health Association [producer and distributor]; (2018-11-15).



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#### Mental Health Concerns During COVID-19 Pandemic

(Comparing Division III women's sports participants responding "yes, within the last month" between 2015-2017 ACHA-NCHA data and 2020-2021 NCAA data)

	NCHA 2017	Spring 2020	Fall 2020	Fall 2021
Felt overwhelmed by all you had to do	76%	95%	94%	95%
Felt sad	44%	89%	81%	77%
Felt mentally exhausted	70%	89%	85%	89%
Felt very lonely	41%	81%	66%	56%
Felt overwhelming anxiety	39%	75%	74%	75%
Felt things were hopeless	29%	74%	66%	49%
Felt overwhelming anger	19%	55%	41%	33%
Felt so depressed that it was difficult to function	18%	41%	38%	34%

Green indicates a decrease of 5 percentage points or more from Fall 2020

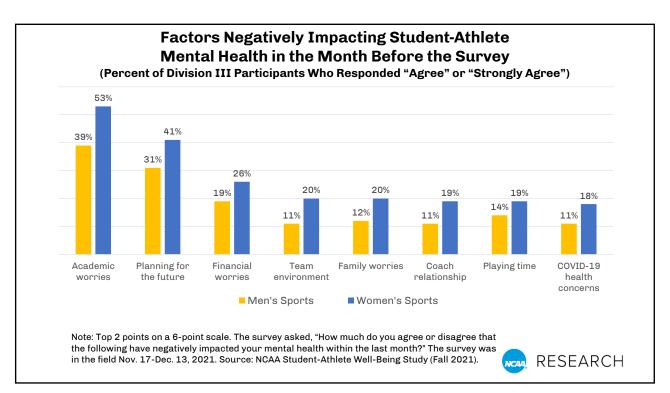
Yellow indicates an increase of 5 percentage points or more from Fall 2020

Note: The spring NCAA survey asked, "As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, have you..." The 2020 spring survey was in the field approximately a month after the pandemic led to the cancelation of winter and spring championships (Mar. 12, 2020) and most campus closures. The fall 2020/2021 NCAA and ACHA-NCHA surveys asked, "Within the last month, have you..." The fall 2021 survey was in the field Nov. 17-Dec. 13, 2021. Spring 2020 survey N = 6,040 women's sports participants; Fall 2020 survey N = 3,851 women's sports participants; Fall 2021 survey N = 1,723 women's sports participants; ACHA-NCHA survey N=3,703 Division III women athletes.

Sources: NCAA Student-Athlete Well-Being Studies (2020 and 2021). American College Health Association. American College Health Association-National College Health Assessment, Fall 2015, Spring 2016, Fall 2016, Spring 2017, Fall 2017 [data file]. Hanover, MD: American College Health Association [producer and distributor]; (2018-11-15).



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## Student-athlete support for mental health concerns.

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#### My coaches care about my mental well-being

(% Responding Agree or Strongly Agree)

Baseball	Men's Basketball	Football (FBS / FCS)		Men's Other	Women's Basketball	Women's Other
Division I						
69%	77%	66%	66% 69% 71%		56%	65%
			Divis	ion II		
72%	71%	65	5%	77%	66%	70%
Division III						
81%	79%	80	)%	83%	75%	77%

Note: Endorsement of top two scale points on a 6-point scale. Source: NCAA GOALS Study, 2019.

Yellow indicates an increase of 5 percentage points or more from 2015

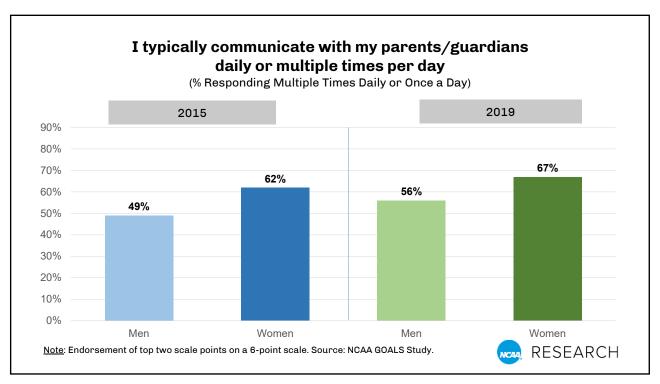
Green indicates a decrease of 5 percentage points or more from 2015



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#### I would feel comfortable talking to my coaches about mental health issues (% Responding Agree or Strongly Agree) Football Women's Men's Women's Baseball Men's Other Basketball (FBS / FCS) Basketball Other Division I 58% 60% 55% 40% 58% 58% 43% Division II 57% 61% 56% 66% 45% 52% **Division III** 67% 67% 67% 68% 52% 56% Note: Endorsement of top two scale points on a 6-point scale. Source: NCAA GOALS Study, 2019. Yellow indicates an increase of 5 percentage Green indicates a decrease of 5 percentage RESEARCH points or more from 2015 points or more from 2015

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### I "often" or "sometimes" ask a family member...

	Division III Men	Division III Women
For help with a bill or a money problem.	73%	79%
For help dealing with stress or other mental well-being issues	66%	83%
For advice on athletics issues (e.g., training advice, how to deal with coaches).	63%	77%
To help me make academic decisions (e.g., choose classes).	62%	72%
To contact one of my coaches.	15%	10%
To contact one of my professors.	10%	4%

Source: NCAA Study of Student-Athlete Social Environments, 2016.



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#### **Conditions to Increase Mental Health Care Access**

(Percent responding "Strongly Agree," Across Divisions)

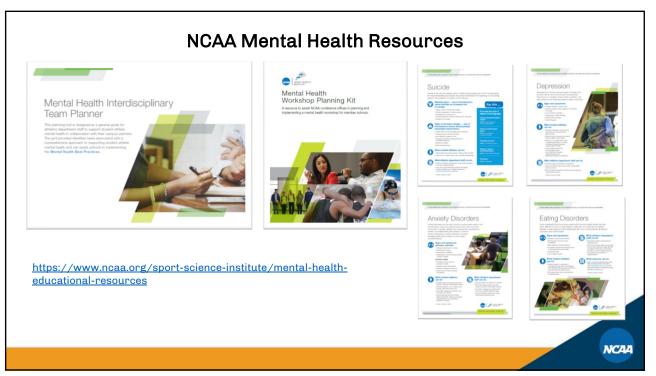
	Men	Women
Free services	32%	48%
Practitioner who understands athletes	29%	44%
Online appointment scheduling	28%	41%
Anonymity	27%	39%
24-hour hotline	28%	39%
Flexible hours	31%	39%
Same day appointments	28%	38%
Services within athletics department	25%	36%
Services in less visible area	25%	35%
Online resources	24%	33%

Source: NCAA Study of Student-Athlete Social Environments, 2016.



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#### **NCAA Mental Health Resources**

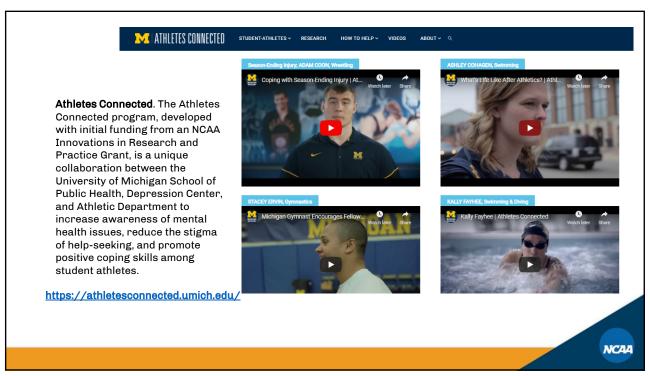
Education modules for studentathletes, coaches, FARs



 $\frac{\text{https://www.ncaa.org/sport-science-institute/supporting-student-athlete-mental-wellness}{}$ 

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#### **HOPE HAPPENS HERE**



## MOVEMENT DEDICATED TO REMOVING THE STIGMA OF MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES ON COLLEGE CAMPUSES

- Founded in 2015 through the Saint Michael's College SAAC, Hope Happens Here is a studentled movement that aims to promote mental health awareness and mental wellbeing on college campuses, in particular student-athletes.
- Through events such as athletic awareness games, presentations, and sponsored events, we are intent on starting the conversation to help break the negative stigma that surrounds issues regarding mental health.

## COLLEGE CHAPTERS

http://hopehappenshere.co

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