The 2018 NCAA Division III Membership Survey Initial Report – April 2, 2018

The survey provided Division III institutions an opportunity to express their opinions concerning the current and future policies and priorities of Division III. The findings will help the Presidents Council, Management Council, Strategic Planning and Finance Committee, and the other governance committees assess membership satisfaction with existing Division III principles, legislative standards, programs and services. The findings can hopefully serve as a platform for healthy discussion of pertinent Division III issues on campus.

Responses were submitted electronically and are confidential. Findings have been aggregated to an appropriate level when reporting to ensure this confidentiality. Participation was voluntary. Rounding of percentages has been used throughout the report. For that reason, sums of percentages may not equal 100 percent.

450 Division III institutions were solicited and 307 responses (68 percent) were received and are included in this report of findings.

SECTIONS

- I. Current Perceptions
- II. The Athletics Enterprise on Campus
- III. Financial Aid
- IV. Academic Performance and Continuing Eligibility
- V. Sports Sponsorship and Membership
- VI. Campus, Conference and National Leadership
- VII. National Championships
- VIII. Communications
- IX. Strategic Planning
- X. Division III Working Groups
- XI. Diversity, Inclusion and Gender Equity
- XII. Conference Affiliation

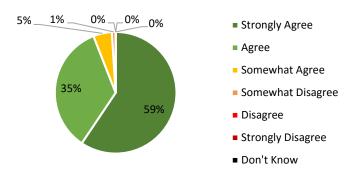
Percent of institutions where each position/title contributed to the completion of the survey.

President or Chancellor	26%
Athletics Direct Report	25%
Director of Athletics	91%
Senior Woman Administrator	40%
Faculty Athletics Representative	18%
Coaches	27%
Student-Athlete Representative(s)	11%
Sports Information Director	20%
Athletics Trainer(s)	14%
Admissions/Enrollment Administrator(s)	10%
Conference Commissioner	1%
Other	7%

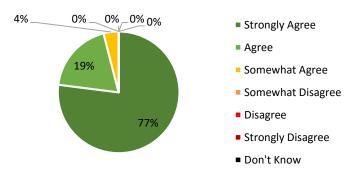
I. CURRENT PERCEPTIONS

The following items were designed to address the institution's current state of satisfaction with Division III.

In Division III, there is an appropriate opportunity for student-athletes to pursue academics, athletics and other interests.

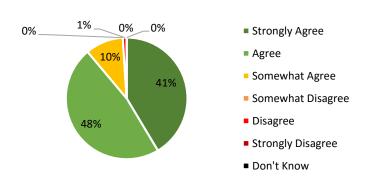


In Division III, athletics participation is just as valuable to student development as any other co-curricular activity promoting comprehensive learning.

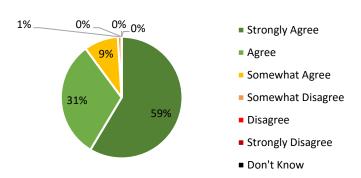


Health and Safety

Our institution is aware of NCAA Sport Science Institute - developed education, resources and programming to help protect the health and wellbeing of Division III student-athletes.

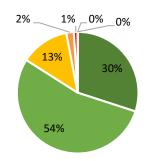


It is beneficial for Division III to have national standards (e.g. guidelines, policies) in the areas of health and safety for student-athletes.



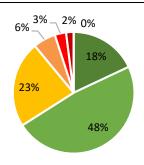
Governance

Our institution has a good understanding of the significant governance issues facing Division III.



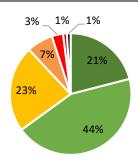
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Our institution has an adequate voice in the Division III governance structure.



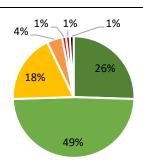
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Student-athlete input via the National Student-Athlete Advisory Committee is clearly communicated throughout the Division III governance structure.



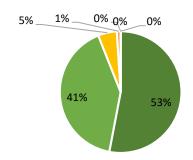
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Our institution trusts the individuals who serve on the Presidents and Management Councils to make decisions in the best interest of Division III.



- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

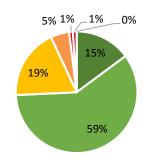
When we vote at the NCAA Convention, we have a clear understanding on what the legislative proposal would accomplish.



- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

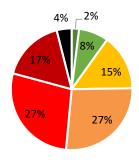
Legislative Standards

Current Division III legislative standards are consistent with our school's perspective on intercollegiate athletics.



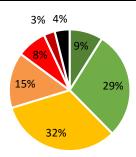
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Division III legislative standards should generally become less permissive and more restrictive.



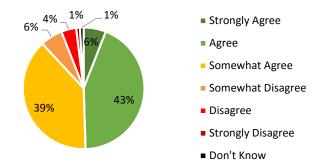
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Division III legislative standards should generally become more permissive and less restrictive.



- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Generally, current Division III legislative standards are appropriate.



The Division III Budget

Division III's current annual budget is approximately \$32 million. Per existing policy, approximately 75% (\$24 million) is being spent on championships and 25% (\$8 million) is being spent on non-championship initiatives such as the conference grant program and student-athlete leadership and internship programs.

Does your institution believe that the current Division III allocations (75/25) are appropriate?

Yes, current expenditures are appropriately balanced.	59%
No, we should allocate more to championships.	21%
No, we should allocate more to non-championship initiatives.	20%

In the past two years, has your institution received funds (directly or indirectly) via the Strategic Initiative Conference Grants (an NCAA program where \$2.8 million is distributed annually to conferences and the Association of Division III Independents to administer educational programs and services that best meet local needs in support of the Division III strategic plan)?

16%
6%

In the past two years, has your institution received funds from the NCAA for costs associated with participation in NCAA national championships?

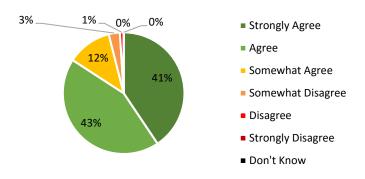
Yes	76%
No	20%
Don't Know	4%

II. THE ATHLETICS ENTERPRISE ON CAMPUS

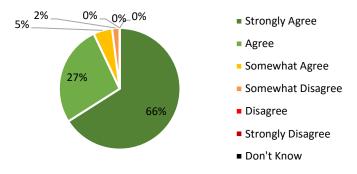
For many institutions, student-athletes make up an important part of the overall student body (26 percent on average). As such, issues related to student-athlete recruitment and enrollment continue to be topics of discussion among the Division III membership.

Structure and Administration of the Athletics Department

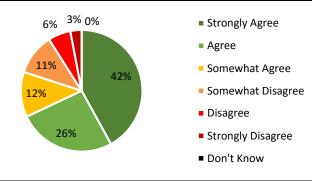
Our institution encourages participation by maximizing the number and variety of sport offerings for our students through a broad-based athletics program.



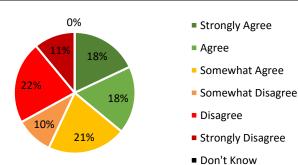
A commitment to sport equity (i.e., equitable treatment of all sports in areas such as finance, staffing, facilities, recruiting and scheduling) should be a key component of any Division III athletics department mission.



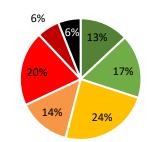
A department policy to prioritize certain sports ahead of others in areas such as finance, staffing, facilities, recruiting and scheduling is not appropriate.



In the past four years, budget issues have negatively impacted our athletics program (e.g. cut sports, reduce participation opportunities, reduce staffing).



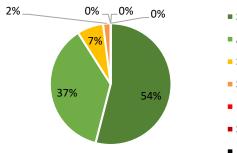
In the next four years, we anticipate budget issues will negatively impact our athletics program (e.g. cut sports, reduce participation opportunities, reduce staffing).



- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

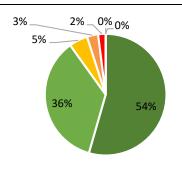
Admissions for Student-Athletes

Admitted student-athletes should fit the general academic profile of all incoming first-year students.



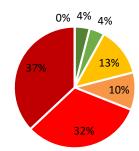
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Admission policies for student-athletes should be consistent with the general student body.



- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

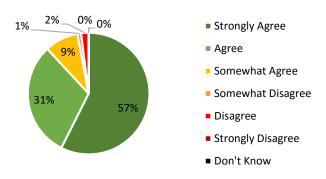
It is appropriate to admit students based on their athletics participation and/or ability who would not otherwise meet minimum admissions standards.



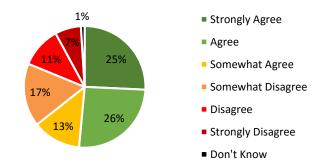
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Financial Aid for Student-Athletes

We agree with the current legislation that student financial aid decisions made by the admissions, financial aid departments and other campus units should be entirely independent and free of influence from the athletics department.

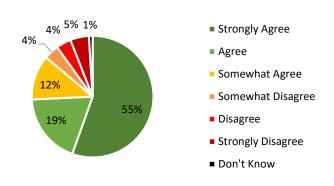


The current prohibition of considering athletics leadership (e.g., team captain) in the awarding of financial aid to student-athletes is appropriate.

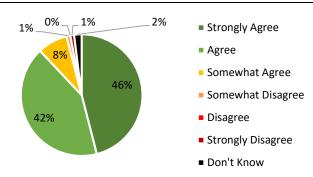


Enrollment and Retention of Student-Athletes

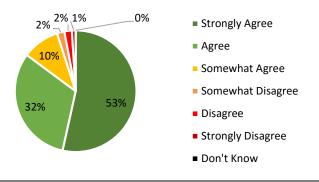
Recruitment of student-athletes is a key component in enrollment management strategies at our school.



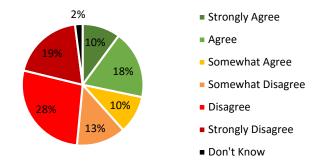
Our current enrollment management strategy as it relates to student-athletes is in alignment with the goal of retention and graduation.



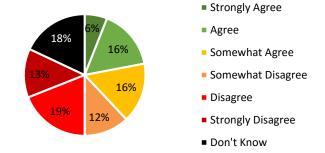
Athletics helps in establishing a diverse student-body on our campus (e.g., race/ethnicity, gender, socioeconomics).



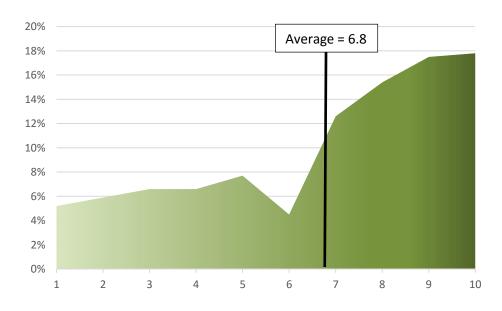
In the past four years, we have increased institutional budget allocations to athletics to specifically leverage enrollment of student-athletes as part of our overall enrollment strategy.



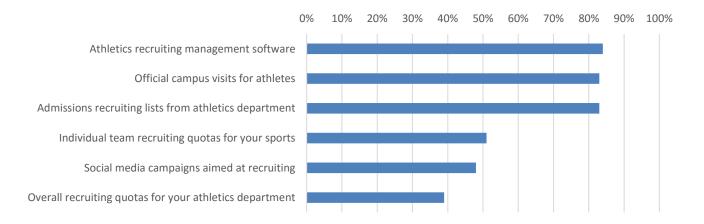
In the next four years, we plan to increase institutional budget allocations to athletics to specifically leverage enrollment of student-athletes as part of our overall enrollment strategy.



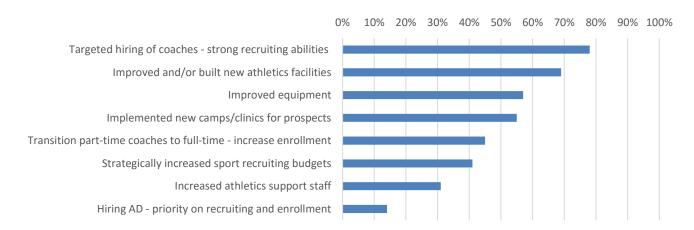
On a scale of one to ten with ten being the highest, indicate your institution's reliance on student-athlete enrollment to meet your institutional enrollment goals. (Percent of Institutions)



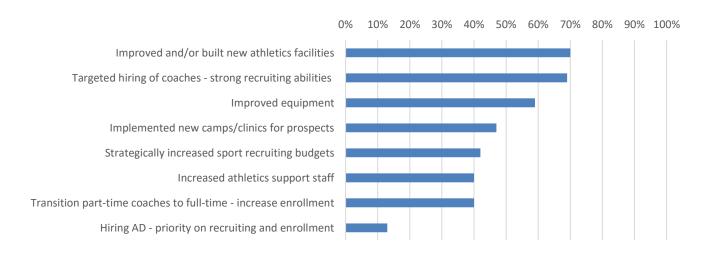
What enrollment tools do you currently use to support enrollment of student-athletes? (Percent of Institutions)



What have you done in the past four years to support enrollment of student-athletes? (Percent of Institutions)



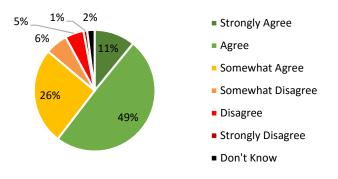
What do you plan to do in the next four years to support student-athlete enrollment? (Percent of Institutions)



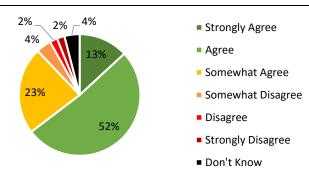
III. FINANCIAL AID REGULATIONS

Division III is the only NCAA division that prohibits the awarding of financial aid based on athletics leadership, ability, participation or performance. To ensure adherence to this principle, Division III enacted legislation in 2004 that requires institutions to participate in an annual financial aid reporting program. Each year, all active, provisional and reclassifying members must submit reports that are subject to review by the Financial Aid Committee. Over the 13 years of the program, 219 institutions have been selected for a Level II review by the committee and 99 of those institutions have been sanctioned to some degree for violations found through the Financial Aid Reporting Program. Additionally, Division III has developed and distributed educational resources to promote appropriate communication across campus constituencies and help institutions ensure compliance.

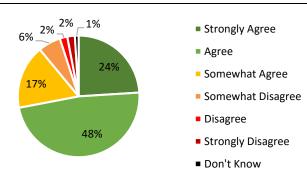
The NCAA provides an appropriate level of education relative to financial aid legislation.



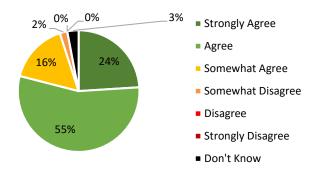
The Division III Financial Aid Reporting Program is a useful tool to help institutions assess compliance with NCAA bylaws.



At our institution, there is an appropriate level of understanding of Division III financial aid compliance across campus constituencies.



At our institution, we use the available resources to help ensure compliance with Division III financial aid regulations.



Institutional sanctions imposed by the Committee on Infractions beyond those focused on education (e.g. probation, public reprimand, ineligibility for NCAA championship events) for financial aid violations are:

Appropriate	80%
Too strict	7%
Not strict enough	13%

IV. ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE, RETENTION AND ELIGIBILITY

Division III emphasizes the educational value of athletics participation and focuses on the academic success of its student-athletes. Institutional autonomy in such matters as academic performance, academic progress and continuing eligibility has been the guiding philosophical and legislative principle of the division, with limited NCAA oversight.

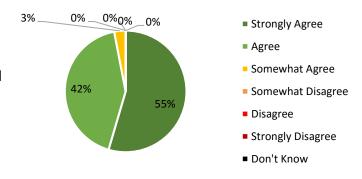
Current legislation requires only that Division III student-athletes be enrolled in a minimum fulltime program of study (12 semester or quarter hours) leading to a baccalaureate degree.

Recent studies continue to show that student-athletes at Division III institutions graduate, on average, at a higher rate than their student-body peers. Studies also show lower graduation rates for football and African-American student-athletes.

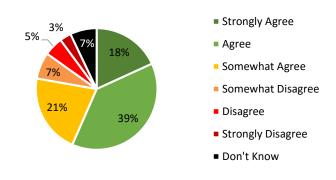
Responses to the questions below will provide additional assistance in evaluating the effectiveness of current principles, related programs and legislation.

Academic Performance and Retention

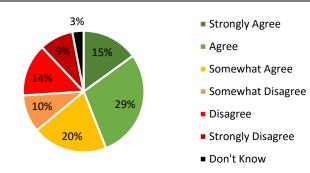
The academic performance of student-athletes should be, at minimum, consistent with the general studentbody.



The current voluntary graduation rate reporting program is a useful and relevant tool to assess the retention of Division III student-athletes.

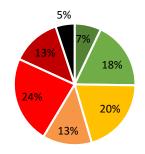


The Division should consider requiring institutions to submit standardized student-athlete graduation rate information on an annual basis to the NCAA.



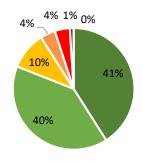
Eligibility

The athletic participation history of all Division III student-athletes should be confirmed by the NCAA prior to participation as is currently done at the Division I and II levels (i.e. NCAA Eligibility Center).



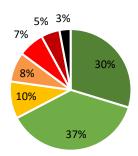
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Division III should continue its primary focus on intercollegiate athletics as a four-year undergraduate experience.



- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

A year of eligibility should continue to be defined by a season of participation rather than a season of competition (i.e. current "red-shirting prohibition").



- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

V. SPORTS SPONSORSHIP AND MEMBERSHIP

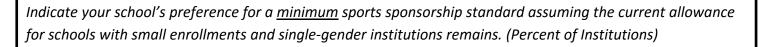
One of the key tenets of the division is that its member institutions offer a broad-based athletics program by maximizing the number and variety of athletics opportunities for students. On average, Division III institutions sponsor approximately 18 sports (nine for women and nine for men) with an average undergraduate enrollment of approximately 2,700 students. Additionally, one in four students, on average, participates in intercollegiate athletics. Current regulations require institutions to sponsor a minimum of 12 sports (six men's and six women's) with an allowance for schools with enrollment less than 1,000 (i.e. 10 sports – five for men and five for women) and single-gender institutions.

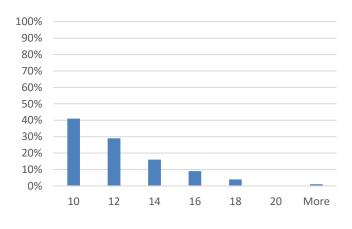
In addition, institutions are required to complete an Institutional Self-Study Guide (ISSG) every five years. Further, institutions are required to attend a Regional Rules Seminar at a minimum of once every three years and attend the NCAA national convention annually.

The current sports sponsorship requirement includes an allowance for schools with an enrollment less than 1,000. They are required to sponsor 10 sports - five for men and five for women.

Is this allowance appropriate? (Percent of Institutions)

Yes	88%
No	12%



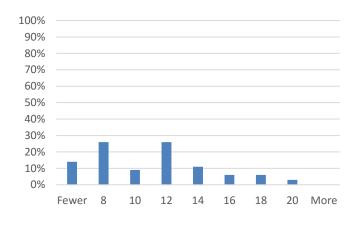


<u>12% of institutions</u> indicated the current allowance of 10 sports - five for men and five for women - for schools with an enrollment less than 1,000 <u>is inappropriate</u>.

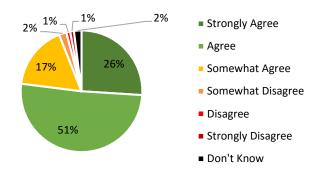
Preferred Allowance (Percent of Institutions)

No allowance	33%
8 sports	67%

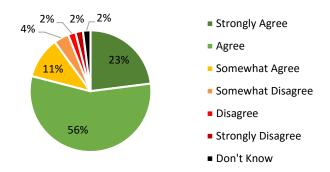
Indicate your school's preference for a <u>minimum</u> sports sponsorship standard assuming the allowance you indicated in the question above. (Percent of Institutions)



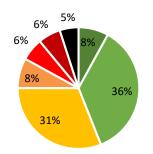
NCAA staff-led rules seminars are effective educational opportunities for our institution's staff.



The requirement to attend Regional Rules Seminars at a minimum of once every three years is appropriate.

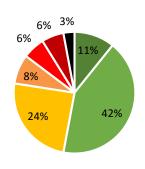


The Institutional Self-Study Guide (ISSG) is a useful assessment tool for our institution.



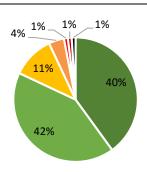
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

The requirement to complete the Institutional Self-Study Guide (ISSG) every five years is appropriate.



- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Annual institutional attendance at the NCAA National Convention is an appropriate membership requirement.



- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

VI. CAMPUS, CONFERENCE AND NATIONAL LEADERSHIP

As with most issues on a college campus, the chancellor or president is ultimately responsible for institutional actions. As the chief decision-maker on a campus, chancellors or presidents also have a defined leadership role within the NCAA governance structure. The Presidents Council, the Presidents Advisory Group, service on the Management Council, and service on a number of additional governance committees are all avenues for chancellors and presidents to provide leadership in the division. Each Division III conference is also required to have as its ultimate authority a presidential governing board.

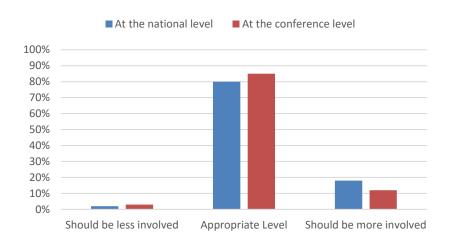
Responses from the 2008 and 2013 surveys indicated that at approximately 80 percent of Division III institutions, the director of athletics reports to an administrator on campus other than the chancellor or president. In the last five years the designation of the Athletics Direct Report (ADR) has been incorporated to recognize this unique relationship in intercollegiate athletics. The role and impact of the ADR has been boosted by dedicated programming and increased involvement at the campus, conference and national levels.

The feedback requested below will provide assistance in further defining the appropriate level of involvement by chancellors and presidents or other administrators who are responsible for overseeing the administration of athletics at Division III institutions.

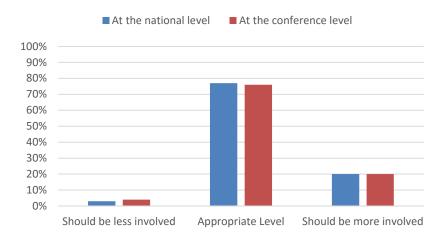
The Director of Athletics reports directly to the: (Percent of Institutions)

Chancellor or President	27%
Chief Financial Officer	3%
Chief Academic Officer	10%
Chief Student Affairs Officer	43%
Other	18%

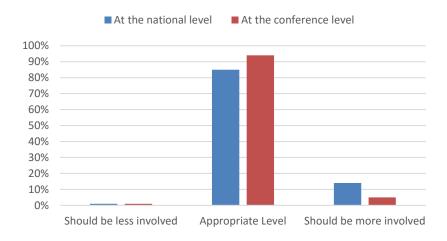
Indicate the level of involvement of your Chancellor or President in the governance of Division III athletics:



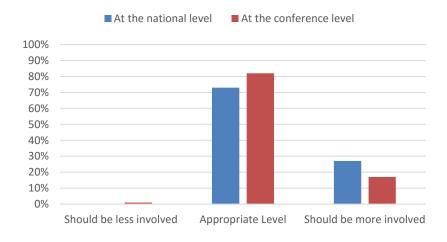
Indicate the level of involvement of your <u>Athletics Direct Report/ADR</u>, if applicable (e.g. Chief Academic Officer, Chief Student Affairs Officer, or Dean) in the governance of Division III athletics:



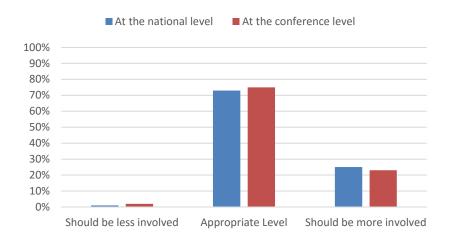
Indicate the level of involvement of your <u>Director of Athletics</u> in the governance of Division III athletics:



Indicate the level of involvement of your <u>Senior Woman Administrator (SWA)</u> in the governance of Division III Athletics:



Indicate the level of involvement of your <u>Faculty Athletics Representative (FAR)</u> in the governance of Division III athletics:

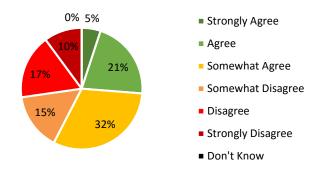


VII. NCAA CHAMPIONSHIPS

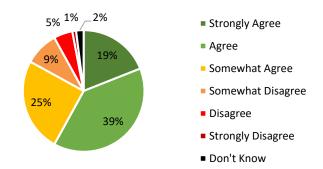
National championships are an important component of the programmatic offerings of Division III. Championships funding represents approximately 75% of the divisional budget (approximately \$24 million for the 2017-18 academic year). At present, entrance to the national championship is either through a conference's automatic qualification slot (with related slots allocated to independents) or through at-large bids. Each national championship (with the exception of football) is conducted within a three-week timeframe. Current championships policy provides one berth for every six and a half institutions sponsoring a team sport.

Philosophy

The ultimate measure of success for your athletics program is participation in NCAA championships.

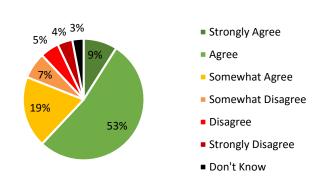


Whenever possible, Division III championships events should occur at on-campus facilities as opposed to off-campus facilities.

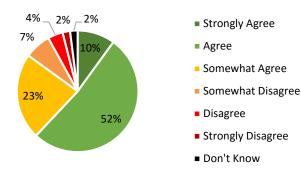


Current Policy

The current policy where NCAA championships are available to conferences via automatic qualification (Pool A), for independent institutions plus institutions from conferences that do not meet the automatic qualification requirements (Pool B) and via at-large bids (Pool C) is appropriate.

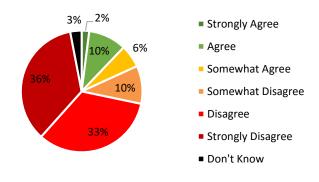


The current policy of conducting mid-week contests in order to complete the national championship in three weeks is appropriate.

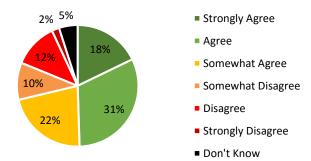


Potential Policy Changes

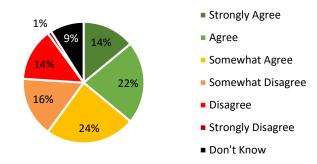
Participation in NCAA championships should be available to conference champions only (i.e., automatic qualification only with no at-large bids) with appropriate access for non-automatic qualifying conferences and independent institutions.



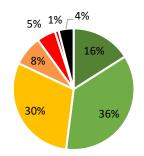
Increase the per diem (e.g. meals, lodging) for participating in championships beyond the planned increase to \$100 in 2020-21.



Increase the number of participants selected for individual-team sport championships.

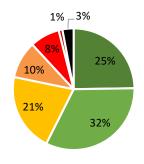


Institutions in Division III championships should be reimbursed to send additional coaching personnel for student-athletes who require technical coaching (e.g., diving, track and field).



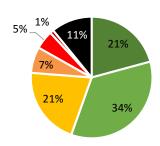
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Travel party sizes for championship competition and related budgets should be expanded to include additional student-athletes eligible to compete (i.e., expand the squad size).



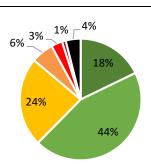
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Reinstate host honorariums for non-predetermined sites.



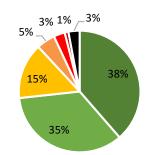
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Championships bracketing principles should be amended for preliminary round site selection to guarantee top regionally ranked teams have the opportunity to host in the first round.



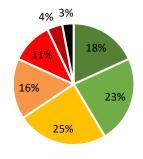
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Championships bracketing principles should be amended to guarantee conference opponents do not play each other in the first round of competition.



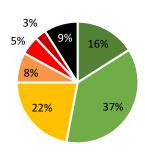
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Add a day of rest at finals sites between semifinals and finals competition in team sports.



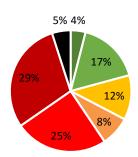
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Division III should consider a minimum regular-season competition requirement for conferences to receive an AQ.



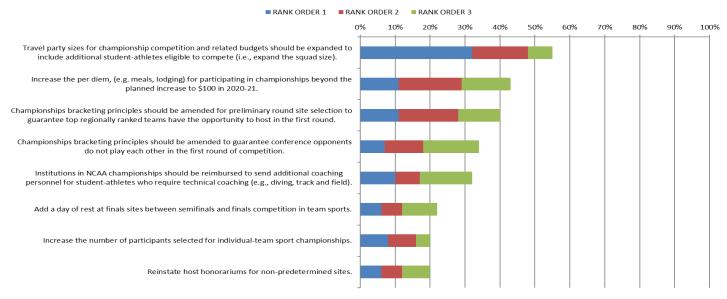
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Division III should consider legislation that would allow alcohol sales at all Division III national championship events that meet defined criteria (e.g., beer and wine only, facility has existing capability to sell, established administrative policies).



- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Of the following 8 championship policies and/or potential enhancements, please rank the <u>top three</u> (3) in terms of importance to your institution. (Percent of Institutions)



At present the limit for brackets is 64 teams (other than football). In addition there is a three-week championships structure to establish reasonable limits on frequency of play and related travel as well as a consideration of the academic commitments for student-athletes.

Indicate your school's preference for the maximum number of weeks allowed to conduct the championships.

1 week	0%
2 weeks	3%
3 weeks	80%
4 weeks	17%
5 weeks	0%
Longer	0%

The current championships access ratio in team sports stands at 1:6.5 with a limit for brackets of 64 teams. This ratio is used to determine the bracket sizes. With this ratio, there is one opportunity for every six and half teams participating in the sport. A higher ratio would mean fewer championships berths per number of institutions sponsoring a sport, while a lower ratio would mean a greater number of berths with higher championships costs.

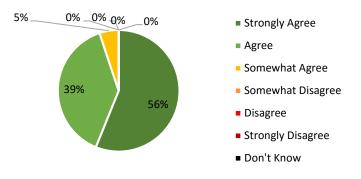
Indicate your school's preference for a championships team sport access ratio.

Lower	4%
1:5	10%
1:6	15%
1:6.5	61%
1:7	5%
1:8	4%
Higher	1%
nigner	1%

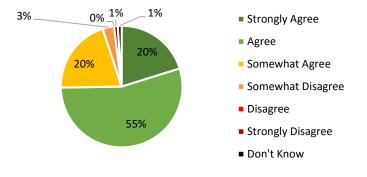
VIII. COMMUNICATIONS

As technology continues to change, the NCAA national office has attempted to keep pace with the methods used to communicate with the membership. The information requested below will assist in continuing to improve the national office's efforts to communicate effectively with the Division III membership.

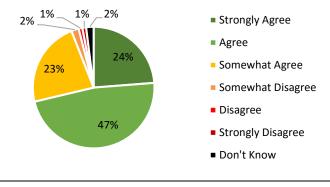
It is important for the national office to regularly communicate information regarding Division III activities (e.g. governance, AMA, championships, etc.).



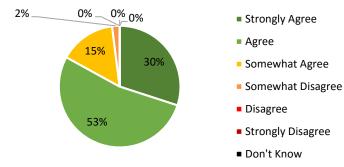
Information regarding Division III activities is clearly and concisely communicated to member institutions.



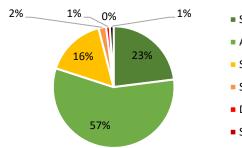
Our institution is provided the opportunity to effectively communicate with the national office staff.



Our institution is aware of where to obtain Division III information on NCAA.org.

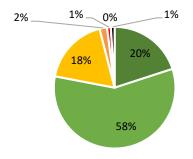


Our institution is satisfied with the methods by which we currently receive Division III information from the NCAA.



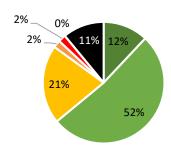
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Our institution is satisfied with the amount of Division III information we receive from the NCAA.



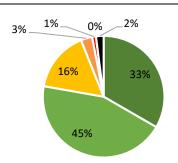
- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

The national office efforts to engage the membership via Division III social media platforms (e.g. Facebook, Twitter, YouTube) are appropriate.



- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

Our institution's athletics communication staff/Sports Information Director plays an important role in communicating the Division III story.

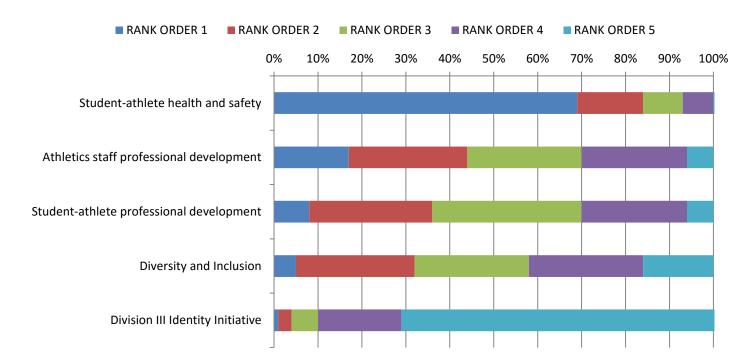


- Strongly Agree
- Agree
- Somewhat Agree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree
- Don't Know

IX. STRATEGIC PLANNING

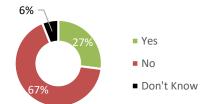
Approximately 75 percent of the Division III budget is devoted to support the division's 28 national championships. The other 25 percent of the division's budget supports member schools and conferences through non-championship programming, educational resources and initiatives in the areas of athletics staff professional development, student-athlete professional development, student-athlete health and safety, the Division III Identity Initiative, and diversity and inclusion.

Rank each of these non-championship programming areas (1 through 5) in importance to you as a Division III member. (Percent Institutions)



For each of the following 13 current programs, indicate if your institution has received funding for or participated in that program in the last 5 years.

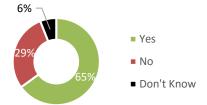
<u>Ethnic Minority and Women's Intern Program</u>. Two-year grants for Division III institutions and conferences to create 10-month full-time internship opportunities for minorities and women.



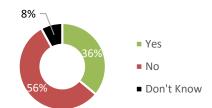
<u>Strategic Alliance Matching Grant</u>. Funding for Division III institutions and conferences to enhance gender and ethnic diversity through full-time professional positions in athletics administration.



<u>Student-Athlete Leadership Conference</u>. Funding for student-athletes, coaches, faculty and administrators to attend an annual forum designed to enhance personal awareness and leadership skills.



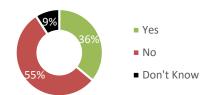
<u>Women Leaders in College Sports Grant</u>. Scholarships to enhance the role of female administrators in Division III to support professional development.



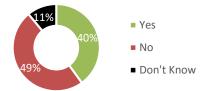
National Association of Division III Administrators (NADIIIAA)

Partnership. Grants and programs to support the NADIIIAA

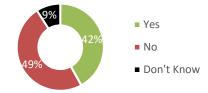
Summer Forum in conjunction with the annual NACDA – National Association of Collegiate Directors of Athletics – Convention.



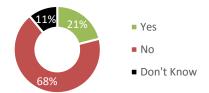
<u>Sportsmanship Initiative</u>. The goal of the "Gameday the DIII Way" sportsmanship and game environment program is to achieve better fan decorum at Division III athletics events by providing a consistent level of expectations and guest service throughout the division.



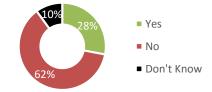
<u>Division III Diversity Initiatives</u>. Grants intended to increase opportunities in athletics administration for ethnic minorities and women. Initiatives include the Institute for Administrative Advancement, the SWA Program, the Student Immersion Program, and the Career Next Steps Program among others.



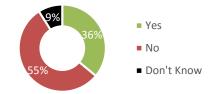
360 Proof - NASPA (Student Affairs Administrators in Higher Education) Alcohol and Other Drug Collaborative. A partnership designed to promote an integrated model for on-campus collaborations among student affairs and athletics professionals and to provide resources to deliver effective alcohol and drug education for the well-being and success of all students.



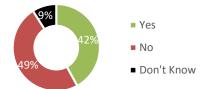
<u>Athletics Direct Report (ADR) Institute</u>. A two-day program designed to engage Division III ADRs in best practices to oversee and manage athletics departments and to improve the relationships between ADRs and their presidents, athletics directors and conference commissioners.



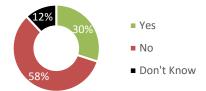
<u>New AD and Commissioner Orientation</u>. Separate professional development programming designed to introduce new directors of athletics and new commissioners to NCAA reporting requirements, structures, best practices and resources.



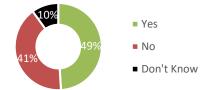
<u>Faculty Athletics Representative (FAR) Fellows Institute</u>. A program designed to provide professional development opportunities for Division III FARs.



<u>D3Day at CoSIDA Convention</u>. A collaborative effort to increase involvement by athletics communications and sports information directors in strategic planning at the campus, conference, regional and national levels and to improve or develop professional-development opportunities.



<u>Special Olympics Partnership</u>. A partnership to improve the lives of Special Olympics athletes through their involvement with Division III student-athletes while also fostering a mutual learning experience between Division III student-athletes and Special Olympics athletes.



X. DIVISION III WORKING GROUPS

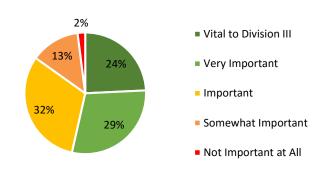
Division III regularly employs working groups to research and advise the governance structure across a range of areas. This approach facilitates the informed decision making that is a cornerstone of NCAA governance. Currently, there are four active Division III working groups.

Are working groups an effective tool for Division III?

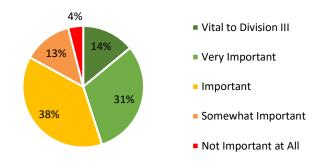
Yes	68%
No	4%
Don't Know	28%

Indicate how important each of the working groups are to Division III.

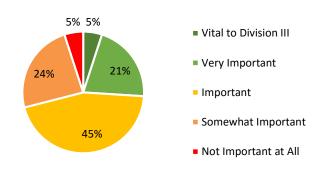
<u>Diversity and Inclusion Working Group</u>: The working group's charge is to assess the current diversity and inclusion landscape within Division III, evaluate current initiatives, and propose next steps (e.g., resources, new initiatives, policies, etc.).



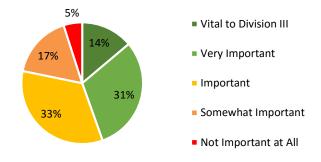
Sportsmanship and Game Environment Working Group: The working group's primary efforts focus on ways to enhance the Division III sportsmanship and game environment initiatives by identifying best practices in managing the game environment and providing helpful tools and resources for member institutions and conferences.



FAR Engagement Working Group: The working group's objective is to increase the engagement of Division III Faculty Athletics Representatives (FARs) at the institutional, conference and national levels. It seeks to accomplish this by utilizing data (both historical and newly collected) and the expertise of the working group and others to better define the components of engagement, determine the metrics to measure them, establish appropriate assessment benchmarks, develop best practice resources, and collaborate with appropriate groups to ensure consistency, effectiveness and accountability.



LGBTQ Working Group: The working group aims to ensure Division III is safe for, inclusive of, and welcoming to the LGBTQ community and its allies. To that end, the working group strives to increase engagement, education and understanding of LGBTQ issues at all levels of Division III by examining current resources and areas of unmet need, and creating programmatic, resource and recognition opportunities of the LGBTQ community and its allies.

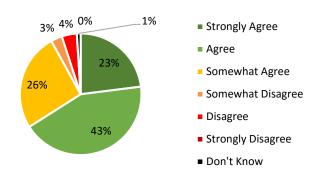


XI. DIVERSITY, INCLUSION AND GENDER EQUITY

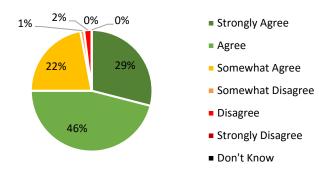
As a core value, the NCAA believes in and is committed to diversity, inclusion and gender equity among its student-athletes, coaches and administrators. The information requested below will assist Division III in determining the effectiveness of current programs as well provide guidance to help the Division III improve in this regard in the future.

Our campus has made intentional efforts to...

Increase the diversity of our student-athletes, coaches and administrators over the past three years.

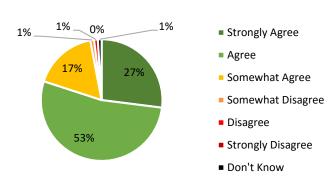


Promote inclusion and the value of diversity within athletics over the past three years.

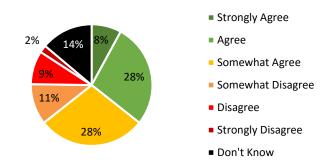


Diversity in Committee Appointments and Hiring

Increasing and diversifying the pool of candidates for Division III committee service is important for the division.

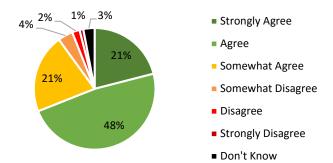


The NCAA's recent focus and efforts related to diversifying athletics candidate pools (e.g. Presidential Pledge) and Division III's The Diverse Workforce, a resource to aid recruitment and retention, have positively impacted our campus.



Partnerships

Division III should more actively partner with external organizations (e.g. Women Leaders in College Sports, National Association of Division III Athletics Administrators - NADIIIAA, Minority Opportunities Athletic Association - MOAA) to support innovative programs that promote inclusion.



While the NCAA inclusion statement encompasses many dimensions of diversity, five focus areas have been developed based on historical underrepresentation and discrimination within athletics. These areas are: persons with disabilities, ethnic minorities, international students, persons identifying as LGBTQ and women.

Division III governance structure leadership is committed to partnering with Division III conferences and institutions to support innovative programs that promote inclusion.

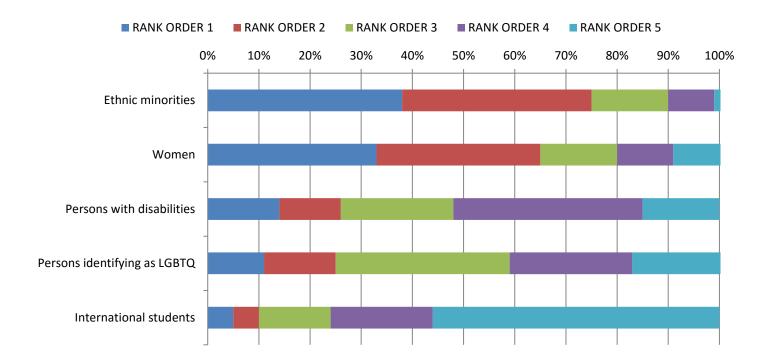
To help us prioritize our efforts, with your campus in mind, rank the following programming areas:



Division III governance structure leadership is committed to the expansion of NCAA programming and resources to enhance opportunities for the recruitment of persons with disabilities, persons identifying as LGBTQ, international students, women and ethnic minorities into coaching and athletics administrator positions.

To help us prioritize our expansion efforts, with your campus in mind, in what areas should we expand programming and resources?

Rank the following programming areas in order of importance to you.

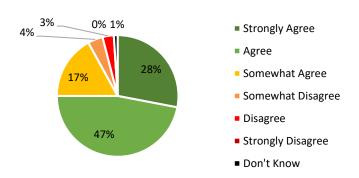


XII. CONFERENCE AFFILIATION

The vast majority of Division III institutions are members of a multi-sport NCAA conference. The information requested below will assist in further clarifying the role that NCAA member conferences play within the NCAA structure.

Multi-sport conference members should:

Share a similar institutional mission.



Be affiliated based on public and private designations.

4% 4%

Agree

Agree

Somewhat Agree

Somewhat Disagree

Disagree

Strongly Agree

Agree

Somewhat Disagree

Disagree

Don't Know

Share a similar academic profile (e.g. selectivity)

3% 0% 1% 8% 20% 43%

■ Strongly Agree

Agree

Somewhat Agree

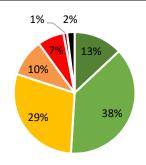
Somewhat Disagree

Disagree

Strongly Disagree

■ Don't Know

Share a similar cost of attendance.



■ Strongly Agree

Agree

Somewhat Agree

Somewhat Disagree

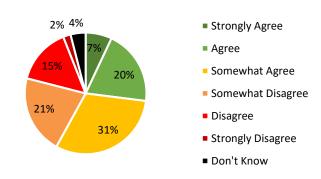
Disagree

Strongly Disagree

■ Don't Know

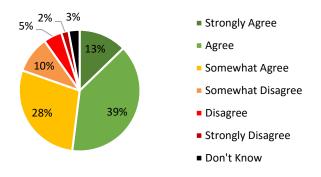
2% _____1% ■ Strongly Agree Agree 16% Somewhat Agree 36% Be affiliated based on geographic proximity. Somewhat Disagree Disagree 43% ■ Strongly Disagree ■ Don't Know 1% 2% 0% ■ Strongly Agree 3% Agree 15% 33% Somewhat Agree Shared athletics philosophy. Somewhat Disagree Disagree 46% ■ Strongly Disagree ■ Don't Know 4%_" 1% 0% ■ Strongly Agree Agree 23% Somewhat Agree 21% Share a similar athletics profile (e.g. sports Somewhat Disagree sponsorship, resource allocation). Disagree 50% ■ Strongly Disagree ■ Don't Know ■ Strongly Agree Agree Somewhat Agree Be affiliated based on favorable championships Somewhat Disagree access. 16% Disagree ■ Strongly Disagree 25% ■ Don't Know

Be affiliated based on institutional history and tradition.

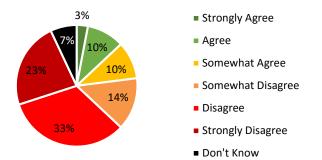


1%

Share a similar perspective on legislative standards.



Be affiliated with any group of institutions, no common criteria.



Rank your top four (4) multi-sport conference grouping criteria.

