

SITE REPRESENTATIVE 2024-25 MANUAL

Division I Women's Lacrosse

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Section 1 • Introduction

Section 1.1 Overview

Thank you for serving as an NCAA site representative at one of the preliminary-round sites of the NCAA Division I Women's Lacrosse Championship.

During the preliminary rounds of championship competition, NCAA site representatives serve as the primary ambassadors of both the NCAA and the NCAA Division I Women's Lacrosse Committee. As such, NCAA site representatives are expected to conduct preliminary-round championship competition according to the policies and procedures outlined in this manual, the prechampionship manual and the host operations manual. NCAA site representatives also are responsible for conducting both the administrative meeting and the officials meeting before the start of preliminary-round competition.

Please note: A potential host and site representative videoconference will be conducted at 11 a.m. Eastern time, April 24. The videoconference will review the expectations and responsibilities for the hosts and site representatives prior to their selection of their role. Additionally, a videoconference will be conducted at 11 a.m. Eastern time, May 5, for all site representatives and NCAA staff to review duties and responsibilities. During this videoconference you will review the agenda for the videoconference with teams and hosts.

In preparation for your role, please review and have on hand the following documents, which are located on ncaa.org:

- Prechampionship manual
- Host operations manual

These documents, as well as the information found in this manual, are invaluable resources for you and should be your first reference when questions arise. All materials will also be housed in the host and site representative shared folder provided to your email.

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact the NCAA staff or the chair of the women's lacrosse committee.

On behalf of the NCAA and the women's lacrosse committee, thank you for your time and efforts.

Section 1.2 Responsibilities of Site Representatives

The following is a general overview of the site representative's responsibilities:

- To serve as a representative of the NCAA during championship competition.
- To conduct championship competition according to the polices and procedure outlined in the prechampionship manual and host operations manual.
- To conduct the meetings in conjunction with the championship.
- To conduct a prechampionship teleconference with teams, administrators and host.
- To serve as a resource for visiting teams and the tournament director.
- To complete an evaluation of the tournament site.
- To communicate in a timely fashion to the NCAA championship staff issues and concerns that occur at the site.

Section 2 • Contact Information

Section 2.1 NCAA Staff and National Committee

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Section 3 • Selection and Overview

Section 3.1 Conflict of Interest

The NCAA is a voluntary Association comprised of public and private institutions and conferences governed through a membership-led committee structure. Within the governance structure, committee members must carefully balance their responsibilities to their respective institutions and/or conferences with the obligation to advance the interests of the Association, the division or the sport, and ultimately enhance the student-athlete experience. While the fiduciary obligations of committee members to their own institution, their conference and to the Association ordinarily are not in conflict, it is recognized that as a representative membership organization, committee members' fiduciary obligations are first to their institution, second to their conference and third to the Association. NCAA committee service involves important ethical and moral obligations. Committee integrity is critical to the decision-making process and includes trust, confidentiality and honesty in all issues and aspects of service and representation. NCAA committee members shall disclose any conflict or potential conflict between their respective personal, professional, institutional, conference or business interests and the interests of the Association that may affect or otherwise threaten such integrity, in any and all actions taken by them on behalf of the Association, for committee evaluation under this statement. When considering disclosures, keep in mind those may result in an "excess benefit transaction" under Section 4958 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") or other tax or other laws that may apply.

A committee member who receives information under confidential or nondisclosure terms, including but not limited to Association business or litigation matters, shall adhere to those confidential obligations as a primary matter. In addition to any fiduciary obligation to their institution and conference, committee members also have a fiduciary duty to the Association not to use nonconfidential knowledge or information obtained solely due to service on that committee to the disadvantage of the Association. Further, a committee member shall not participate in the committee's discussion or vote on any action that might bring direct or indirect personal financial benefit to the member or any organization (other than the member's institution or conference) in which the member is financially interested. A committee member should also not participate in a discussion or vote for which the member's institution or conference is to be accorded a special benefit beyond benefits shared with other institutions or conferences or is to receive a penalty or disqualification. A violation of either of the above rules by a member of the committee shall not invalidate the action taken by the committee if, following disclosure of the conflict of interest, the committee authorizes, ratifies or approves the action by a vote sufficient for the purpose, without counting the vote of the committee member with the conflict of interest, and the appropriate oversight body approves the action.

A committee member is responsible for advising the chair of any actual or potential conflicts of interest or obligations which they may have hereunder and should recuse themselves from participating in proceedings, as may be warranted by this policy. Abuse of one's position as a member of a committee may result in dismissal from that position. Where such abuse appears evident, a committee member will be notified by the committee chair and will have the opportunity to present a rebuttal or details of the situation. A committee member who acts contrary to this policy may void defense and indemnity privileges that are provided by the Association in connection with committee service.

Section 3.2 Neutrality

Site representatives are representing the NCAA and should be neutral in this role. We ask that site representatives dress professionally while avoiding any clothing that denotes institutional and/or conference affiliation.

Section 3.3 Evaluations

TOURNAMENT SITE EVALUATION

We ask that each site representative provide feedback on the championship site at which they served. NCAA staff will email a link for an online evaluation to all site representatives after the championship.

Section 4 • Important Dates

2025 DIVISION I WOMEN'S LACROSSE IMPORTANT DATES

Potential Host and Site Representative Videoconference	April 24 at 11 a.m. Eastern
Host and Site Representative Teleconference (First and Second Round)	May 5 at 11 a.m. Eastern
Host and Site Representative Videoconference (Quarterfinals)	May 12 at 11 a.m. Eastern
Preliminary-Round Competition	May 9 and 11 - First and Second Rounds
	May 15 - Quarterfinals
Participant Teleconference	May 5 at 1 p.m. Eastern - First and Second Rounds
	May 12 at 1 p.m. Eastern - Quarterfinals
Site Representative Arrival Date at Site	May 7 or 8 - First and Second Rounds
	May 13 or 14 - Quarterfinals

Section 5 • Responsibilities

Section 5.1 Team Championships

NOTE: Some areas subject to change.

MONDAY OR TUESDAY BEFORE COMPETITION

- Contact tournament director:
 - Confirm time for call with teams and host (date and time).
 - Confirm hotel accommodations for team(s) and officials, if needed.
 - Confirm your arrival time and hotel accommodations, if needed.
 - Confirm game and practice times.
 - Discuss neutrality.
 - Discuss equipment to be received and equipment to be provided.
 - Confirm date, time and location of administrative and officials meetings.
 - Ensure host medical staff are prepared to be at practices and game(s).
 - Confirm if video review will be occurring at their site.
 - Confirm locker room arrangements (required pre- and postgame).
 - Confirm if any tents will be located at the field. If so, confirm sizing, lighting and surface are appropriate.
 - Discuss locations of the following:
 - Media/interview areas.
 - Athletic training room area.
 - Videotaping and photography areas.
- Lead call with host and teams.

DAY BEFORE COMPETITION

- Check with host on the following shipments:
 - NCAA signage.
 - Game balls.
 - Merchandise from Event1.
 - Participant medallions, team and mini trophies, when applicable.
- Review drug-testing policies and procedures if your site is chosen.
- Review safety and security plan.
- Review concussion-management plan.
- Check with visiting teams' administrators to confirm no issues with travel. Remind them of the administrative meeting.

DAY OF PRACTICE

- Arrive at host site a minimum of one hour before the first practice, if possible.
- Meet with tournament director to discuss the following:
 - Entrances public, teams, officials, staff.
 - Ticket locations.
 - Credentials/players pass list.

- Communication (radios), if necessary.
- Crowd control.
- Review pregame schedule.
- Check to be sure equipment is ready.
- Expected media.
- Band/spirit squad/mascot procedures, if applicable.
- Personnel are in place.
- Inclement weather, if applicable.
- Perform a facility walk-through and review the following:
 - Check field for proper markings.
 - Press box.
 - Video review location and equipment test equipment/scrubbing.
 - Broadcast camera locations ESPN+ connection.
 - Team bench area(s).
 - Scorer's table.
 - Media/interview area.
 - Locker rooms (teams and officials) and security.
 - Merchandise sales area.
 - Overall look and treatment of facility.
 - Signage all commercial signage must be removed or covered, if possible.
 - Scoreboard advertising covered or removed, if possible.
 - Test all electronic equipment, including possession clock.
 - Videotaping/photography areas.
 - Scouting seats, if applicable.
 - Athletic training room.
 - Evaluator location, if applicable.
 - Band/spirit squad/mascot location, if applicable.
- Miscellaneous as follows:
 - Make sure athletic trainer is available at all practices.
 - Make sure NCAA logo rule regarding uniforms is being observed.
 - Ensure host has practice balls available, if needed.
 - Equipment for both teams checked.
 - Merchandise available.
 - Review parking.
 - Review administrative meeting agenda with tournament director. Make sure copies are available for the meeting.
 - Determine method for distribution of participant medallions (i.e., on field or in locker rooms).
 - Confirm SID is prepared to report results at conclusion of competition.
 - Review script with communications representative/PA announcer.

DAY OF COMPETITION

Arrive at site two and a half hours before start of the game(s). Remain available to monitor and supervise all aspects of the championship as indicated in the site representative and host operations manuals.

- Perform a facility walk-through and review the following:
 - Signage is properly displayed and advertisements are covered.
 - Press box/scorer's table are set and ready.
 - Check visiting locker room(s) for cleanliness and is properly stocked with paper items.
 - Ensure that sales locations for merchandise are prepared.
 - Check for inappropriate noisemakers.
 - Test all electronic equipment.
- Greet officials and visiting team(s) as they arrive.
- Check squad sizes and bench limits.
- Check that video review equipment is running and functioning properly (if occurring).
- Collect starting lineup forms 10 minutes before start of game and provide to PA.

During Game

- Listen and watch crowd for inappropriate noisemakers and/or signage. Have security remove, if necessary.
- Observe coaches' and student-athletes' behavior.

Halftime

- Be sure that officials and teams are securely ushered on and off the field.
- Check at scorer's table (if applicable) and press box to be sure everything is running smoothly.
- Be near when both teams come back out from halftime to ensure that there are no issues.
- Perform a recount of bench limit size.

BEFORE THE END OF GAME

- Ask the tournament director to get you an accurate count of game attendance to report back.
- Be sure everyone is prepared for end-of-game security and media needs.

END OF GAME

- At end of the game, make sure officials are safely off of the field.
- Observe student-athletes and coaches shaking hands and leaving the field.
- If a misconduct occurs, please contact the NCAA championship administrator.
- Attend media interviews and be sure cooling-off period occurs. Ensure neutral or NCAA backdrop is used.
- Check in with drug testing to see that there are no issues, if applicable.
- Assist with transition of teams between games.

BEFORE LEAVING SITE

- Obtain a final copy of stats sheets and remind sports information director to send results as requested by NCAA.
- Confirm that the tournament director has everything taken care of, and remind them to complete survey.
- Call/email NCAA national office with quick report.

WITHIN 48 HOURS AFTER GAME

- Complete all requested evaluations.
- Complete report with details if misconduct occurs.
- File your expense report via the online Travel Expense System once you receive the email notification that you have been authorized to file your expenses (Appendix B).

Section 6 • Travel, Lodging and Expense Reimbursement

Section 6.1 Travel

All site representatives will be selected, if at all possible, by proximity to the host site. The NCAA will provide reimbursement for mileage up to 400 miles (one way) to the host site.

Section 6.2 Lodging

The host institution will be responsible for providing hotel accommodations as needed. It is the responsibility of the site representative to inform the tournament director if a hotel room will be needed. Room and tax will be billed to the host institution. All other incidentals will be the responsibility of the site representative.

Section 6.3 Expense Reimbursement

All site representatives will receive a \$75 per diem for each day of travel and competition. All miscellaneous expenses are covered by the per diem. NOTE: You will receive your per diem after the championship; be sure to bring enough money to cover your expenses while at the championship.

File your expense report via the online Travel Expense System once you receive the email notification that you have been authorized to file your expenses (Appendix B).

Section 6.4 Team Transportation Contact Numbers

SHORT'S TRAVEL MANAGEMENT

Phone Number	866-655-9215
Email	ncaaalo@shortstravel.com

NCAA TRAVEL GROUP

Phone Number	317-917-6757
Email	travel@ncaa.org
Website	ncaa.org/championships/travel/championships-travel-information

STM DRIVEN

Website		
	shortstravel.com/ncaachamps	

Section 7 • NCAA Administrative Guidelines

All policies listed in this section MUST be reviewed during the administrative meeting.

Section 7.1 Logo Policy

12.5.4 Use of Commercial Trademarks or Logos on Equipment, Uniforms and Apparel. A student-athlete may use athletics equipment or wear athletics apparel that bears the trademark or logo of an athletics equipment or apparel manufacturer or distributor in athletics competition and pre- and postgame activities (e.g., celebrations on the court, pre- or postgame press conferences), provided the following criteria are met. [**D**] (Revised: 1/11/94, 1/10/95, 1/9/96 effective 8/1/96, 5/27/11.)

- 1. Athletics equipment (e.g., shoes, helmets, baseball bats and gloves, batting or golf gloves, hockey and lacrosse sticks, goggles and skis) shall bear only the manufacturer's normal label or trademark, as it is used on all such items for sale to the general public; and
- 2. The student-athlete's institution's official uniform (including numbered racing bibs and warmups) and all other items of apparel (e.g., socks, headbands, T-shirts, wristbands, visors or hats, swim caps and towels) shall bear only a single manufacturer's or distributor's normal label or trademark (regardless of the visibility of the label or trademark), not to exceed 2½ square inches in area (rectangle, square, parallelogram) including any additional material (e.g., patch) surrounding the normal trademark or logo. The student-athlete's institution's official uniform and all other items of apparel shall not bear a design element similar to the manufacturer's trademark/logo that is in addition to another trademark/logo that is contrary to the size restriction.
- **12.5.4.1 Laundry Label.** If an institution's uniform or any item of apparel worn by a student-athlete in competition contains washing instructions on the outside of the apparel on a patch that also includes the manufacturer's or distributor's logo or trademark, the entire patch must be contained within a four-sided geometrical figure (rectangle, square, parallelogram) that does not exceed 2½ square inches. [**D**] (*Adopted:* 1/10/95.)
- **12.5.4.2 Pre- or Postgame Activities.** The restriction on the size of a manufacturer's or distributor's logo is applicable to all apparel worn by student-athletes during the conduct of the institution's competition, which includes any pre- or postgame activities (e.g., postgame celebrations on the court, pre- or postgame press conferences) involving student-athletes. **[D]** (Adopted: 1/10/95.)
- **31.1.7 Logo Restrictions Bench Personnel.** The logo restrictions on student-athletes' apparel set forth in Bylaw 12.5.4 shall apply during NCAA championships to all personnel (e.g., coaches, trainers, managers) who are on the team bench for practices and games or who participate in NCAA news conferences. (Adopted: 8/11/98 effective 8/1/99 those contracts between institutions and apparel manufacturers or distributors that include logo specifications may be honored, provided such contracts were in effect before 8/11/98.)
- **31.1.8 Logo Restrictions Noncompeting Participants.** The logo restriction on student-athletes' apparel set forth in Bylaw 12.5.4 shall apply to commercial logos on uniforms worn by band members, cheerleaders, dance team members and the institution's mascot during NCAA championship events. (Adopted: 8/11/98 effective 8/1/99.)

Section 7.2 Misconduct Statement

[Reference: Meetings (see pages in sports-specific handbooks) and Bylaws 31.1.1.2 and 31.1.10 in the NCAA Manual.]

In accordance with Bylaw 31.02.4, misconduct in an NCAA championship is any act of dishonesty, unsportsmanlike conduct, unprofessional behavior or breach of law, occurring from the time the championship field is announced through the end of the championship, that discredits the event or intercollegiate athletics. (*Revised: 8/15/89, 8/13/92, 1/14/08 effective 8/1/08.*)

<u>Criticism of Officials</u>. Members of the coaching staff or other representatives of participating institutions or conferences shall not make public statements critical of officiating in any NCAA championship event. Failure to comply with this policy may subject the individual, institution or conference to the misconduct provisions of Bylaw 31.1.10.

Administrative Meeting. Each games committee shall hold a pretournament meeting with the coaches of participating institutions to review and explain the policies related to misconduct.

Hearing Opportunity. An act of misconduct may be found upon an administrative hearing granted to the student-athlete or the institutional representative involved by the governing sports committee or the games committee authorized to act for it.

Misconduct Incident to Competition. If the act of misconduct occurs during the competition, under normal circumstances the individual shall be allowed to complete the competition in which he or she is participating at the time of the incident. An administrative hearing shall be held at the conclusion of the day's competition, during a break in the continuity of the championship (e.g., between rounds of a basketball tournament) when no competition is being conducted or at the conclusion of the championship. However, if the act of misconduct is so flagrant that it obviously violates the principles of fair play and sportsmanship, the games committee may immediately withdraw the student-athlete or institutional representative from the competition and conduct the hearing after this action. Other acts of misconduct may be dealt with at the governing sports committee's convenience.

Penalty for Misconduct. In accordance with Bylaw 31.1.10.3, a governing sports committee (or the games committee authorized to act for it) may impose any one or a combination of the following penalties on an institution or any studentathlete or representative of an institution guilty of misconduct: (Revised: 8/13/92, 11/1/07 effective 8/1/08, 11/14/08 effective 8/1/08, 8/7/14)

- 1. Public or private reprimand of the individual;
- 2. Disqualification of the individual from further participation in the NCAA championship involved;
- Banishment of the individual from participating in one or more following championships of the sport involved;
- Cancellation of payment to the institution of the Association's travel guarantee for the individuals involved;
- Withholding of all or a portion of the institution's share of revenue distribution;
- 6. Banishment of the institution from participation in one or more following championships in which its team in that sport otherwise would be eligible to participate;
- 7. Disqualification of an institution for a period of time from serving as host institution for one or more NCAA championships;
- 8. Cancellation of all or a portion of the honorarium for hosting an NCAA championship; and
- 9. Financial or other penalties different from Nos. 1 through 8, but only if they have prior approval of the applicable sport oversight committee or the Competition Oversight Committee.

Ban From Subsequent Championship. When a student-athlete or institutional representative is banned from participation in a subsequent championship, such penalty shall be applied to the next tournament(s) in which the individual's team is involved and the individual otherwise is eligible to participate. In the case of an individual event, the penalty shall be applied to the next meet(s) or tournament(s) for which the individual qualifies and otherwise is eligible to participate.

Review of Action. Any action related to misconduct may be reviewed by the governing sports committee on request of any institution participating in the championship.

Section 7.3 Use of Tobacco Products

In accordance with Bylaws 11.1.4 and 17.1.10, the use of tobacco by student-athletes or team or game personnel (e.g., coaches, trainers, managers and game officials) is prohibited in all sports during practice and competition.

Any student-athlete, or team or game personnel, who uses tobacco during practice or competition shall be disqualified for the remainder of that practice or competition. During regular-season play, it is the responsibility of each institution to enforce the rule for its own student-athletes, team and game personnel. During postseason play, which includes conference tournaments, play-ins and NCAA tournament games, the governing sports authority or the games committee shall enforce the rule.

Section 7.4 Concussion Management

The NCAA has adopted legislation that requires all active member institutions to have a concussion-management plan for their student-athletes. Participating institutions shall follow their concussion-management plan while participating in the Division I Women's Lacrosse Championship. If a participating institution lacks appropriate medical staff to activate their concussion-management plan, the host institution concussion management plan will be activated. For further details, please refer to the "NCAA Sports Medicine Handbook Guideline on Concussions" online at ncaa.org/health-safety.

Section 7.5 Inclement Weather

If weather conditions alter the approved schedule, the site representative must contact the NCAA championship manager (see Section 2.1) at the NCAA national office before any decisions to change the schedule are finalized and communicated to the participants and/or fans. Be prepared to summarize the weather situation and have recommendations for an alternate schedule.

Incase of severe weather, the host institution's regular severe weather policy will be followed during all practices and games. Institutions with questions in establishing such a policy should refer to the NCAA Sports Medicine Handbook, guideline 1-E, Lightning Safety. (Also see Appendix C of this manual.) For all rounds of competition, if a game is delayed, the following warmup times will be allowed before restarting play: up to a 45-minute delay (10-minute warmup); 45- to 60-minute delay (15-minute warmup); and more than one-hour delay (20-minute warmup). The warmup time may be waived if both coaches agree.

LIGHTNING AND WEATHER DETECTION SERVICE

The NCAA has made arrangements to provide a lightning-detection and weather-monitoring system to all rounds of competition for outdoor championships. This system will assist the event management staff and the NCAA site representatives in case of inclement weather during the championship. This service is provided so that all sites will have the resources available to ensure the safety of our student-athletes, spectators and event management staff.

The site representative should request that the tournament director include his or her email and/or phone via text to the weather-monitoring system so they can receive the weather updates.

For detailed lightning and weather guidelines, refer to Appendix C.

Section 7.6 Drug-Testing Statement

NOTE: This statement MUST be read at the prechampionship meeting.

NCAA championships committees, following a recommendation from the NCAA drug-testing subcommittee, have discontinued the practice of announcing whether drug testing will be conducted at NCAA championship events.

Although knowing before competition whether NCAA drug testing was to occur had value for reasons of convenience, it left open the possibility that student-athletes might be tempted to use banned substances if they knew that NCAA testing was not being conducted at the site of competition.

Therefore, all coaches and student-athletes should presume that NCAA drug testing will occur at this championship event. Please inform your student-athletes that in the event they are notified of their selection for drug testing, the student-athlete must inform an official representative of your institution (e.g., coach, athletic trainer) before proceeding to the drug-testing site. Student-athletes will be reminded by the courier to contact their team representative.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS FOR COACHES

Please review this section for questions that may arise regarding drug testing.

Q. Where is the drug-testing facility for this championship?

A. Check with the tournament manager, drug-testing site coordinator or the NCAA championship staff member for specific location.

Q. How long does drug testing take?

A. The length of the collection process depends on the student-athlete's ability to provide an adequate urine specimen. If the student-athlete provides an adequate urine specimen immediately on arrival at the drug-testing facility, the entire process usually is completed in approximately 20 minutes.

Q. What is an institutional representative?

A. For Team Championships (e.g., baseball, field hockey, lacrosse): An institutional representative is an individual from the participating institution (designated by his/her institution) to assist with drug testing in the event drug testing occurs at the championship. Each team must designate an institutional representative during the administrative meeting.

Q. When is the institution notified of drug testing?

A. For Team Championships: An institutional representative from each team will be notified not sooner than two hours before the start of their game when drug testing is taking place. Institutional representatives will be notified by an NCAA drug-testing crew member by phone or in person at the locker room or near the playing field.

Q. When are student-athletes notified of their selection for drug testing?

- A. For Team Championships: Immediately after the game, an NCAA drug-testing crew member will provide the institutional representative with a list of student-athletes who have been selected for drug testing.
- A. For All Cases: At the time of notification, the student-athlete will be instructed to read and sign a drug-testing notification form.

Q. When do student-athletes need to report to drug testing?

A. For Team Championships: Within one hour after the student-athlete has been notified.

A. For All Cases:

- Before checking into the drug-testing site, all student-athletes must inform an institutional representative of their selection for drug testing.
- Before checking into the drug-testing site, student-athletes must complete all award and media obligations, if any.
- Before leaving the championship venue, coaches should check with all student-athletes to make sure they have completed their drug-testing obligations.

Q. What if a student-athlete has trouble providing an adequate urine specimen? Can the student-athlete leave and come back later? What if the team has to leave and a student-athlete is still in drug testing?

- A. A student-athlete cannot be released from the drug-testing site until an adequate specimen is provided, no matter how long it takes.
 - If the rest of the team must depart the championship site prior to a student-athlete completing drug testing, an institutional representative must stay with the student-athlete.
 - A coach should check with the drug-testing site coordinator for information regarding transportation back to the student-athlete's hotel.
 - If the student-athlete and/or institution incur additional expenses because of the delay in drug testing (e.g., hotel, transportation back to campus), the institution may request reimbursement from the NCAA.

- Q. Will the student-athlete or the institution be reminded of their drug-testing obligation if they defer testing until later that session or day?
 - **A.** No. Once the student-athlete and the institutional representative have signed the drug-testing notification form, it is their obligation to arrive at the drug-testing site at the appropriate time.
- Q. What if we play a late-night game (10 p.m. or later start, local time)?
 - A. The NCAA's late-night drug-testing policy only pertains to team championships.
 - An institution may defer drug testing until the next morning if its game begins at 10 p.m. or later, local time.
 - The decision to defer drug testing applies to the entire team and must be determined by the institution immediately after the game and the deferred test must start before 10 a.m., local time, the next day.
 - An institutional representative must be present at the collection facility the next morning to identify selected student-athletes.
- Q. Must a coach or other institutional representative accompany each student-athlete to the drug-testing site?
 - **A.** For Team Championships: Yes. An institutional representative must be at the collection station to certify the identity of each student-athlete. The institutional representative must remain in the collection station until all student-athletes have completed their drug test.

Section 7.7 Photographer Policy

Still photographers shall stay back from the sidelines across from the team benches so they do not interfere with either the officials or players running past them along the sideline. Photographers are prohibited from being behind the goal. In the event a photographer requests to place a camera inside the goal, the following procedures must be followed:

- The camera must be placed inside the goal only.
- The camera must sit back well inside the goal.
- The camera must be in place early enough that it does not interfere with a team's warmup time, and must be available for the officials to check before the beginning of the game.
- Once the game begins, there will be no stoppage of the game to allow for camera adjustment. Adjustments that can be made during the normal timeout period or at halftime are allowed, but the restart of the game may not be delayed.
- For the safety of the student-athletes, the camera or the container holding the camera must be padded. Officials and/or game management shall determine if the padding is sufficient.
- If a ball that is rolled or tossed back into the goal circle by the defensive team hits the camera or its container and
 rebounds back out of the circle, the officials will stop play, call timeout and have the ball returned to the goal circle
 to restart play.

Section 7.8 Videotape Policy

The host institution is responsible for videotaping all games and providing copies to the participating teams immediately after the game. One copy of each game shall be kept by the host institution in the event of a misconduct occurrence and it is requested by the NCAA Division I Women's Lacrosse Committee. Institutions are permitted to videotape championship competition by their teams or their individual student-athletes for archival, coaching or instructional purposes. Each institution is permitted to use one camera and may videotape only that portion of the competition in which it participates. The videotapes may not be used for any commercial purposes. Videotaping for scouting purposes by any representative of athletics interests (e.g., parents, boosters) also is not allowed. An institutional representative shall contact the event coordinator at the host site to arrange for camera space at the site. The host institution shall provide a comparable location for both competing teams. Team videographers are permitted in the team bench area up to the start of the game. After the start of the game, they shall move to the opposite side of the field, across from the team benches.

Appendixes

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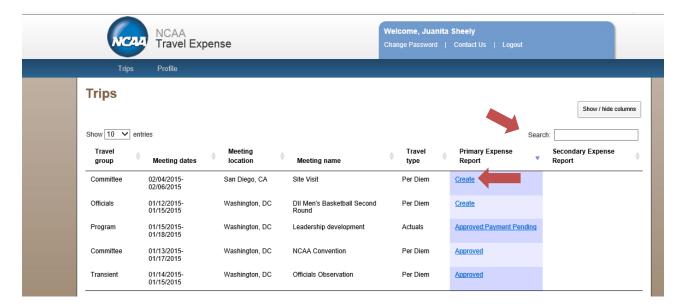
Appendix A • FAQ

- Q. Officials have asked me how they will receive their payment and when they should expect it?
 - **A.** All officials are paid directly by the NCAA through RefQuest. There is not a set timetable for payment, thus all inquiries should be directed to the championship administrator.
- Q. A fight broke out in the stands between the fans of the home and visiting teams. What responsibility do I have to take care of this?
 - A. You should first notify the tournament director that he/she needs to obtain security in the section where the fight has broken out. After the fight, please gather as much information as possible from the tournament director and security, including what happened, whether anyone was removed from the competition site and the resolution. All of these facts should be written down and sent to the championship administrator via email. If the situation is severe, please immediately call the championship administrator to inform her of what has occurred.
- Q. A team has arrived late for its practice due to its bus breaking down. What should I do?
 - A. Work with the host to try to get the team its full allotment of practice time, if at all possible.
- Q. I received an alert on my phone that lightning is within 30 miles and we are going to begin the game in 10 minutes. What steps should I be taking?
 - A. Immediately find the tournament director and begin to discuss the distance of the lightning. Remember to consult the lightning guidelines. Altering a game time should involve the games committee (consult the host operations manual on who serves on this committee). Once it is determined that the game should be delayed, you should notify the NCAA championship administrator of the situation. You should be prepared to give the championship administrator the games committee's recommendations as to further delays or moving the contest.

Appendix B • Travel Expense System - Traveler User Guide

TRAVEL EXPENSE SYSTEM – TRAVELER USER GUIDE

- 1. On the last day of your meeting or trip, your staff liaison will authorize you to file an expense report. Once authorized, you will receive an email advising you to file your expense report and giving you the link to the system and login instructions.
- 2. The new system has been redesigned to offer the following conveniences:
 - a. One username and password for all trips.
 - b. View the status of all expense reports, as well as payment information, in one place.
 - c. Simplify the system and improve usability.
- 3. Once you have received your email, follow the instructions to access the system and log in. On the home screen, you will see a list of all expense reports you are authorized for, as well as those already filed. Click on the column headers to sort the list as you prefer or use the Search box to locate a particular trip.
- 4. To begin a new expense report, click on the Create link.

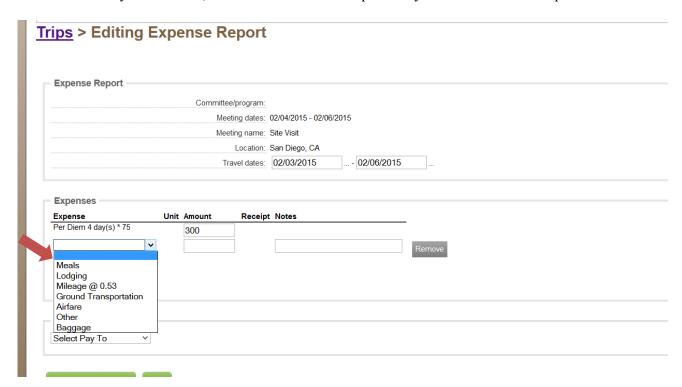


- 5. First enter your travel dates. You can type the dates in or use the calendar icons to select
- 6. If you are eligible for per diem, your reimbursable amount will automatically populate based on your travel dates and the dates authorized by your staff liaison.

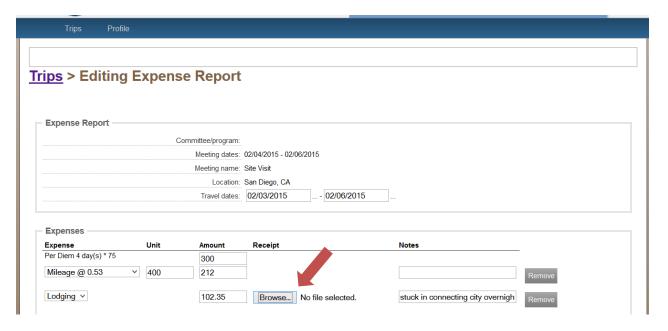


7. If you have other expenses to claim, click the Select to Add Expense drop-down menu, and choose the expense type from the drop down menu. Note, if per diem is paid, the NCAA does not reimburse items such as meals, parking, lodging, ground transportation, tolls, etc., except in extraordinary circumstances. Per diem travelers will most often claim mileage and baggage fees.

For each expense, enter the amount being claimed. If you are claiming an expense not ordinarily reimbursed, use the notes section to provide your reason for the request.



8. Some expenses will require you to submit receipts. When required, the Receipt field will be populated. To submit, simply click the Browse button and attach the appropriate file from your computer. The system can only accept pdf files.

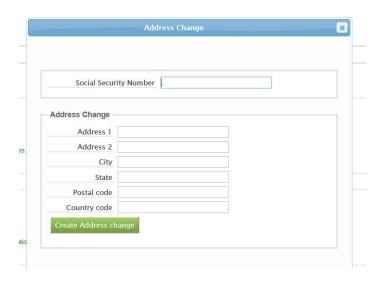


9. Once all expenses are entered, choose who payment should be made to. You can choose yourself, or your institution, conference or business.

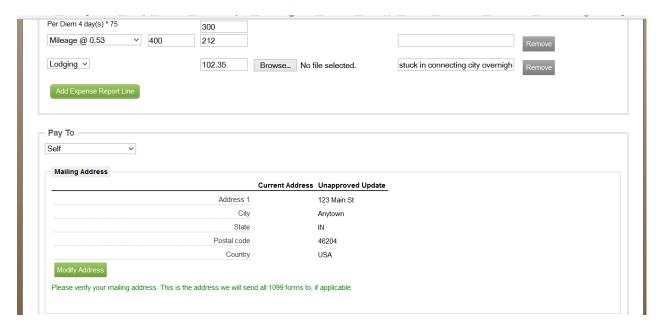
To choose yourself, select Self from the drop-down menu. If the system does not have a record of paying you previously, you will need to add your address by clicking the Add Address button.



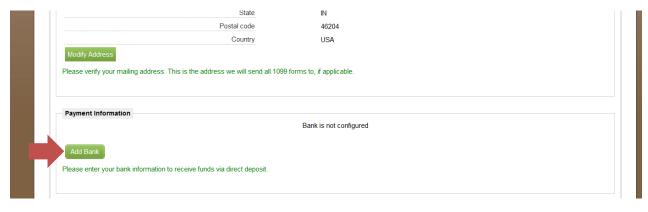
10. On the address screen, enter your Social Security Number and current mailing address in the fields provided. When complete, click Create Address change to be taken back to the expense entry screen.

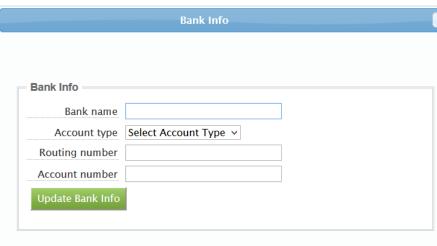


If the system indicates you have been paid by the NCAA previously, the address we currently have on file for you will be shown. Please be sure that address is correct or enter any changes by clicking Modify Address.



11. Finally, if the payment is being made to you, we will need your bank information in order to pay you by electronic funds transfer, or direct deposit. As with your address, if the system does not have your information on file, you will need to click Add Bank and complete the required fields. Once complete, click Update Bank Info.





If the system indicates you have been paid by the NCAA previously, the bank information we currently have on file for you will be shown. Please be sure that information is correct or enter any changes by clicking Modify Bank.

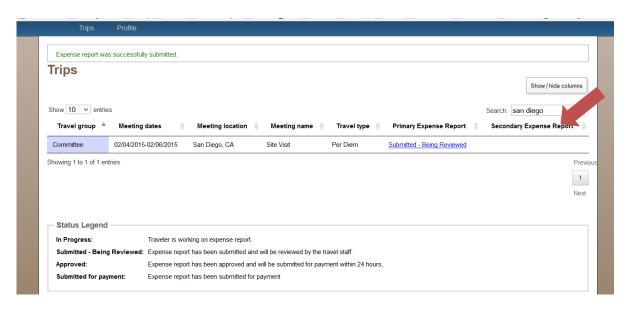


- 12. Once all expense, address and bank information is complete, click Submit to file your expense report. You will receive an email confirmation that the report was submitted. You can also follow the status on your home page.
- 13. If the expense report should be paid to your institution, business or conference, choose Organization from the drop-down menu. Then begin typing the name in the Select Organization field, and choose the correct one from the list. Payments made to an organization do not need to provide address or bank information.



14. Did you forget an expense? If you find you've forgotten to claim an expense after you have clicked submit, you can still request reimbursement. Simply log back into the system. Any report eligible to have a forgotten expense claimed, will have a Create link available in the Secondary Expense Report column. This option will only be available after the primary expense report has been approved and submitted for payment.

If the Secondary Expense Report option is not available, contact the travel department and an adjustment to the report can be made.



If you have trouble using the system, please contact the travel department at travel@ncaa.org or 317-917-6757.

Appendix C • Lightning and Weather Guidelines

LIGHTNING SAFETY

July 1997 • Revised July 2013, June 2014

Lightning is the most consistent and significant weather hazard that may affect intercollegiate athletics. Within the United States, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) estimates that 40 fatalities and about 10 times that many injuries occur from lightning strikes every year. NOAA estimates that as many as 62 percent of lightning strike fatalities occur during outdoor organized sport activities. While the probability of being struck by lightning is low, the odds are significantly greater when a storm is in the area and proper safety precautions are not followed.

Education and prevention are the keys to lightning safety. The references associated with this guideline are an excellent educational resource. Prevention should begin long before any intercollegiate athletics event or practice occurs by being proactive and having a lightning safety plan in place. The following steps are recommended to mitigate the lightning hazard:

- 1. Develop a lighting safety plan for each outdoor venue. At a minimum, that plan should include the following:
 - **a.** The use of lightning safety slogans to simplify and summarize essential information and knowledge. For example, the following slogan from the National Lightning Safety Institute is an effective guide: "If you see it, flee it; if you can hear it, clear it." This slogan reflects the fact that upon the first sound of thunder, lightning is likely within eight to 10 miles and capable of striking your location. No punishment or retribution should be applied to someone who chooses to evacuate if perceiving that his or her life is in danger due to severe weather.
 - **b.** Designation of a person to monitor threatening weather and to notify the chain of command who can make the decision to remove a team, game personnel, television crews, and spectators from an athletics site or event. That person must have recognized and unchallengeable authority to suspect activity.
 - c. Planned instructions/announcements for participants and spectators, designation of warning and all clear signals, proper signage, and designation of safer places from the lightning hazard.
 - d. Daily monitoring of local weather reports before any practice or event, and a reliable and accurate source of information about severe weather that may form during scheduled intercollegiate athletics events or practices. Of special note should be National Weather Service-issued

DANGEROUS LOCATIONS

Outside locations increase the risk of being struck by lightning when thunderstorms are in the area. Typically, anything referred to as a "shelter" is not safe from lightning. Dugouts, refreshment stands, open press boxes, rain shelters, golf shelters and picnic shelters, even if they are properly grounded for structural safety, are unsafe and may actually increase the risk of lightning injury. Other dangerous locations include high ground, bodies of water (pools, ponds, lakes) and areas connected to, or near, light poles, towers and fences that can carry a nearby strike to people.

thunderstorm "watches" or "warnings," and the warning signs of developing thunderstorms in the area, such as high winds or darkening skies. A "watch" means conditions are favorable for severe weather to develop in an area; a "warning" means that severe weather has been reported in an area and for everyone to take the proper precautions. It should be noted that neither watches nor warnings are issued for lightning. An NOAA weather radio is particularly helpful in providing this information.

- e. Identification of, and a mechanism for ensuring access to, the closest safer buildings, vehicles, and locations to the field or playing area, and an estimate of how long it takes to evacuate to that location for all personnel at the event. A safer building or location is defined as:
 - · Any fully enclosed building normally occupied or frequently used by people, with plumbing and/or electrical wiring that acts to electrically ground the structure. Avoid using the shower, plumbing facilities, and electrical appliances, and stay away from open windows and doorways during a thunderstorm.
 - In the absence of a sturdy, frequently inhabited building, any vehicle with a hard metal roof (neither a convertible nor a golf cart) with the windows shut provides a measure of safety. The hard metal frame and roof, not the rubber tires, are what protects occupants by dissipating lightning current around the vehicle and not through the occupants. It is important not to touch the metal frame-

work of the vehicle. Some athletics events rent school buses as safer locations to place around open courses or fields.

- 2. For large-scale events, continuous monitoring of the weather should occur from the time pre-event activities begin throughout the event.
- 3. Venue-specific activity-suspension, venue evacuation, and activity-resumption plans:
 - a. Upon the first sound of thunder, lightning is likely within eight to 10 miles and capable of striking your location. Please note that thunder may be hard to hear if there is an athletics event going on, particularly in stadia with large crowds. Lightning can strike from blue sky and in the absence of rain. At least 10 percent of lightning occurs when there is no rainfall and when blue sky is often visible somewhere in the sky, especially with summer thunderstorms. Lightning can, and does, strike 10 (or more) miles away from the rain shaft. Be aware of local weather patterns and review local weather forecasts prior to an outdoor practice or event.
 - **b.** Ensure a safe and orderly evacuation from the venue with announcements, signage, safety information in programs, and entrances that can also serve as mass exits. Planning should account for the time it takes to move a team and crowd to their designated safer locations. Individuals should not be allowed to enter the outdoor venue and should be directed to the safer location.
 - c. Avoid using landline telephones except in emergency situations. People have been killed while using a landline telephone during a thunderstorm. Cellular or cordless phones are safe alternatives to a landline phone, particularly if the person and the antenna are located within a safer structure or location, and if all other precautions are followed.
 - **d.** To resume athletics activities, lightning safety experts recommend waiting 30 minutes after both the last sound of thunder and last flash of lightning. A useful slogan is "half an hour since thunder roars, now it's safe to go outdoors." At night, be aware that lightning can be visible at a much greater distance than during the day as clouds are being lit from the inside by lightning. This greater distance may mean that the lightning is no longer a significant threat. At night, use both the sound of thunder and

- seeing the lightning channel itself to decide on re-setting the 30-minute "return-to-play" clock before resuming outdoor athletics activities.
- Emergency care protocols: People who have been struck by lightning do not carry an electrical charge. Therefore, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) is safe for the responder. If possible, an injured person should be moved to a safer location before starting CPR. Lightning-strike victims who show signs of cardiac or respiratory arrest need prompt emergency help. If you are in a 911 community, call for help. Prompt, aggressive CPR has been highly effective for the survival of victims of lightning strike. Automatic external defibrillators (AEDs) are a safe and effective means of reviving persons in cardiac arrest. Planned access to early defibrillation should be part of your emergency plan. However, CPR should never be delayed while searching for an AED.

Note: Weather watchers, real-time weather forecasts and commercial weather-warning and lightning monitoring devices or services are all tools that can be used to aid in the monitoring, notification, and decision-making regarding stoppage of play, evacuation and return to play.

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